WIGMORE HALL

Sunday 12 February 2023 7.30pm

Christian Gerhaher baritone Gerold Huber piano

Heinz Holliger (b.1939) Elis (1961, rev. 1966)

Verkündigung des Todes • Todesangst und Gnade •

Himmelfahrt

Hugo Wolf (1860-1903) Abendbilder (1877)

Heinz Holliger Lunea (2009-10)

Wirf, o Thor • Die Jahre flogen • Die Himmelsschlange •

Ich will • Weit • Dein Blick • Transsubstantiatio • Der Mensch •

Ich habe • Serenum • Der Eisenhammer • Ein Tropfen •

Verächtlich • Man grüsst • Der Schwimmer • Mein Widerhall •

Der Frühling • Der schwarze Schleier • Der Zweifel • Der Himmel • Der Mond • Die Wüstenwanderer •

Einklang (Nachwort)

Interval

Robert Schumann (1810-1856) 4 Husarenlieder Op. 117 (1851)

Der Husar, trara! • Der leidige Frieden •

Den grünen Zeigern • Da liegt der Feinde gestreckte Schar

Othmar Schoeck (1886-1957) Elegie Op. 36 (1915-22)

An den Wind • Herbstgefühl • Verlorenes Glück • Das Mondlicht • Herbstentschluss • Welke Rose

Robert Schumann 6 Gedichte von N Lenau und Reguiem Op. 90 (1850)

Lied eines Schmiedes • Meine Rose • Kommen und Scheiden • Die Sennin • Einsamkeit • Der schwere Abend • Requiem

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Lieder to texts by Nikolaus Lenau

This evening's recital centres on insanity. Georg Trakl, whose poems inspired the three piano nocturnes of *Elis* by **Heinz Holliger**, treated scores of wounded soldiers at the battle of Gródek in Galicia (now Horodok in Ukraine); distraught, he was transported to a hospital in Kraków, where he died of an overdose of cocaine; Robert Schumann was removed to the mental asylum at Endenich in 1854 and died there two years later; and **Hugo Wolf**, having contracted syphilis as a young man, spent the last seven years of his life in two psychiatric hospitals near Vienna; *Abendbilder*, his setting of three Nikolaus Lenau odes, dates from 1877.

It is Lenau, Nikolaus Franz Niembsch, Edler von Strehlenau (the pseudonym Lenau is derived from the final two syllables), who dominates this recital, during which we shall hear 20 of his poems. Heinz Holliger's Lunea consists of 22 assemblages of Lenau's epigrammatic, enigmatic words, culled mostly from letters and jottings made in his syphilitic madness in the asylum at Winnenden where he ended his days, and one short poem, Einklang, written in memory of Johann Baptist Mayrhofer, a close friend of Schubert who committed suicide in 1836. Holliger, who had already composed his Scardanelli-Zyklus (1975-1991) based on the utterances of the insane Friedrich Hölderlin, embarked on his new study of insanity over two decades later. Fragmentary these texts may be but, like Kurtág's Kafka-Fragmente, they pack a huge emotional punch with their expressive microtones intervals smaller than a semitone. The title Lunea contains an anagram of Lenau's name and also hints at his madness ('lunatic'). Holliger's cycle for baritone and piano or instrumental ensemble was dedicated to Christian Gerhaher and premièred in Zurich during 2013.

Schumann's 4 Husarenlieder, composed in March 1851 to Lenau's poetry, are the most sinewy and macho songs he ever wrote. It is not clear why in 1838 Lenau wrote these hectic poems. He allegedly enjoyed dressing up as a hussar and it is tempting to read into these verses signs of incipient insanity. 'Der Husar, trara!' is marked with wild and fiery expression, and its 6/8 rhythm, sforzandi and short, vocal outbursts all help to depict the hussar who relishes the violence of war. 'Der leidige Frieden' laments the tedium of peace, using the same martial rhythm of the previous song; the music mellows to the major at the mention of wine, only to revert to the *marcato* accompaniment of brutal octaves. The soldier in 'Den grünen Zeigern' tells us how in peacetime he used to enjoy the green winebushes of the title, the red cheeks of the girls and the sound of the fiddle – all of which he has now jubilantly abandoned for the plume of his shako, the slashes he inflicts on enemy cheeks and the roar of cannon. 'Da liegt der Feinde gestreckte Schar' brings this tiny but savage cycle to a close, with the hussar wallowing in the blood of the battlefield and then setting out in search of more carnage, to an accompaniment of bugle calls and rolling tremolando drums.

Othmar Schoeck's *Elegie*, originally for bass and chamber ensemble, was composed between 1915 and 1922. Schoeck's affair with a pianist from Geneva had ended in 1920 and many of the poems in the cycle – 18 by Lenau and six by Eichendorff – reflect the composer's unhappiness. The themes are predominantly autumnal: the struggle between hope and despair, the precariousness of life and a stoical acceptance of death. The music is tonal and the voice, often doubled by the instruments, is seldom allowed to blossom into extended melody. We hear six of the Lenau settings this evening: 'An den Wind', 'Herbstgefühl', 'Verlorenes Glück', 'Das Mondlicht', 'Herbstentschluss' and 'Welke Rose'.

Schumann's Lenau settings from Op. 90 are among the most lugubrious in the repertoire. In the opening 'Lied eines Schmiedes' from Faust, the smith hammers away at the forge (on the beat accented chords in the right hand, off the beat accented chords in the left), as he prepares Faust's horse for his imminent journey. The words of 'Meine Rose' express the poet's wish silently to pour out his soul to succour his sweetheart -Sophie von Loewenthal - in the same way that poured water can revive the rose. The drooping melodies in the voice and piano suggest, however, that his efforts will be in vain. Lenau sent Sophie the poem in a letter during August 1836. Despite his subsequent love affairs (all tormented), Sophie visited him once a fortnight in the asylum, gazing at him through the door of his cell. 'Die Sennin', despite a succession of bright F sharps suggestive of cow-bells and yodelling, ends on a melancholy note - one day, we are told, death or marriage will snatch the cowgirl away. The chromatic, introspective style of 'Kommen und Scheiden', 'Einsamkeit' and 'Der schwere Abend' suggests that Schumann had a deep understanding of the poet who by 1850 had spent 5 years in mental asylums, suffering like Schumann and Wolf from syphilis and a debilitating melancholia. There is a frightening congruity of mood between poet and composer in 'Der schwere Abend', where the sultry, louring key of E flat minor and the figure in the accompaniment recall 'lch hab' im Traum geweinet' from Dichterliebe. 'Einsamkeit' also lours in E flat minor, with three pages of descending quavers which distil the essence of Lenau's obsessively melancholic poem. Schumann was convinced, when composing these songs, that Lenau had already died, and 'Requiem' was appended to the work as a tribute to the 'dead' poet. Leberecht Blücher Dreves's Requiem is a translation of the Latin poem in which Héloïse, now an abbess, looks back on her love for Peter Abelard, which resulted in an illegitimate child, their secret marriage and Abelard's castration. News of Lenau's actual death reached Schumann during the first performance of Op. 90 at the house of Eduard Bendemann in Dresden, where Robert and Clara were being fêted before their departure to Düsseldorf.

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Heinz Holliger (b.1939)

Elis (1961, rev. 1966)

Verkündigung des Todes Todesangst und Gnade Himmelfahrt

Hugo Wolf (1860-1903)

Abendbilder (1877)

Nikolaus Lenau

1 Friedlicher Abend senkt sich aufs Gefilde; Sanft umschlummert Natur, um ihre Züge Schwebt der Dämmrung zarte Verhüllung, und sie Lächelt, die holde;

Lächelt, ein schlummernd Kind in Vaters Armen, Der voll Liebe zu ihr sich neigt; sein göttlich Auge weilt auf ihr, und es weht sein Odem Über ihr Antlitz.

2 Schon zerfliesst das ferne Gebirg mit Wolken In ein Meer; den Wogen entsteigt der Mond, er Grüsst die Flur, entgegen ihm grüsst das schönste Lied Philomelens

Aus dem Blütenstrauche, der um das Plätzchen Zarter Liebe heimlichend sich verschlinget: Mirzi horchet am Busen des Jünglings ihrem Zaubergeflöte.

Dort am Hügel weiden die Schafe beider Traulichen Gemenges in e i n e r Herde, Ihre Glöcklein stimmen so lieblich ein zu Frohen Akkorden.

3 Stille wird's im Walde; die lieben kleinen Sänger prüfen schaukelnd den Ast, der durch die

Images of evening

A peaceful evening descends on the fields; nature gently falls asleep, around her features floats the soft veil of twilight, and she, the gracious one, smiles;

Smiles, a slumbering child in the arms of her father, who bends lovingly over her; his divine eye dwells on her, and his breath passes over her countenance.

Now the distant mountains dissolve with the clouds into a sea; the moon emerges from the waves, and greets the meadow, and Philomel's most beautiful song returns its greeting

From the flowering shrub that secretly garlands this place of tender love:
Mirzi, in her lover's arms, listens to the magical fluting.

There on the hillside both their herds graze close together in one single pasture, their little bells ringing in charming harmony.

Silence falls on the forest; the dear little singers, shaking the branch that Nacht dem neuen Fluge sie trägt, den neuen Liedern entgegen.

Bald versinkt die Sonne; des Waldes Riesen Heben höher sich in die Lüfte, um noch Mit des Abends flüchtigen Rosen sich ihr Haupt zu bekränzen.

Schon verstummt die Matte; den satten Rindern Selten nur enthallt das Geglock am Halse, Und es pflückt der wählende Zahn nur lässig

Dunklere Gräser.

Und dort blickt der schuldlose Hirt der Sonne Sinnend nach; dem Sinnenden jetzt entfallen Flöt' und Stab, es falten die Hände sich zum Stillen Gebete. bore them during the night, test it for their new flights, and new songs.

Soon the sun sinks, the forest giants reach higher into the air, to garland their heads awhile yet with evening's fleeting roses.

The meadow now falls silent; the sated bullocks only rarely tinkle the bells round their necks, and only casually do they munch darker grasses.

And there the innocent shepherd looks pensively at the sun; meditatively he lets fall his flute and staff and folds his hands in silent prayer.

Heinz Holliger

Lunea (2009-10)

Wirf, o Thor, den Hoffnungsanker ... O fool, hurl immortality – that anchor of hope – into the raging waves of transience!

Due to copyright reasons we are unable to print the full original text online

The years flew by over my head, like horses above a wounded man on the ground – the years, weary of my lamentations, finally slithered away.

Lightning, the snake of Heaven, has bitten him to death.

I shall silently bury our friendship in sadness's deeper shadow.

His shadow stretched far out on the ground.

Your gaze – a silent, deep ocean – looked on me, and in it I drowned all my happiness.

The bees' transsubstantiation of flowers into wax, which burns bright as a candle on the altar.

Man is a beach comber on the shores of eternity.

I have washed my eyes with distress and my gaze is now sharper.

The serene spirit of dying is a serene twilight.

The steam hammer in the bleak autumnal field pounds louder and with growing fear, like a human heart in the autumn of its days.

Ahasver's soul is a drop of water, locked in stone, unable to evaporate.

Time disdainfully brushes your dust from its feet.

The old are greeted like people soon to die.

The swimmer, striking out with his arms, is forever fending off death.

I am my own echo - eternally rigid, captive. An echo nailed to the rock.

Spring departs, killed by summer's burning arrow; the falling rose-petals are its heart's shed blood.

The black veil of night has set fire to itself.

Enchained doubt is unable to sleep and clanks.

Heaven spreads its wings – the storm.

The moon is a gleaming, floating grave.

The nomads hold out their beakers of fantasy to the mirage's water.

Interval

Robert Schumann (1810-1856)

4 Husarenlieder Op. 117 (1851)

Nikolaus Lenau

Der Husar, trara!

Hurrah for the hussars!

Der Husar, Trara! Was ist die Gefahr? Sein herzliebster Schatz! Sie winkt, mit einem Satz Ist er da, trara!

Der Husar. Trara! Was ist die Gefahr? Sein Wein: flink! flink! Säbel blink! Säbel trink! Trink Blut! trara!

Hurrah for the hussar! What's danger to him? His dearest sweetheart! She beckons, with a bound he's at her side, trara!

Hurrah for the hussar! What's danger to him? His wine; let it swiftly flow! His flashing sabre! Let it drink! Drink blood! Trara!

Der Husar, Trara! Was ist die Gefahr? Sein herzliebster Klang, Sein Leibgesang, Schlafgesang, trara!

Hurrah for the hussar! What's danger to him? The sound he loves best, his favourite song, his lullaby, trara!

Der leidige Frieden

Der leidige Frieden Hat lange gewährt, Wir waren geschieden, Mein gutes Schwert!

Derweil ich gekostet Im Keller den Wein, Hinast du verrostet An der Wand allein.

Von Sorte zu Sorte Probiert' ich den Wein, Indessen dorrte Das Blut dir ein.

Ist endlich entglommen Der heisse Streit. Mein Schwert, und gekommen Ist deine Zeit.

Ich geb' deiner Klingen Den blanken Schliff. Ich lasse dich singen Den Todespfiff,

Im Pulvernebel Die Arbeit rauscht. Wir haben, o Säbel, Die Freuden getauscht.

Im brausenden Moste, Mein durstiges Erz, Betrinke dich, koste Von Herz zu Herz;

Derweil du gekostet Das rote Blut, Ist mir eingerostet Der Hals vor Glut.

The tedious peace

The tedious peace lasted too long, we had parted company, my trusty sword and I!

While in the cellar I sampled the wines, you were hanging rusty on the wall.

Each grape variety I tasted in turn. the blood meanwhile dried on you.

Hot strife at last flared up. O my sword, and your moment had come.

I scour once more your bright blade, I let you whistle your deadly song,

In gunpowder's haze you clash as you work, we have, O sabre, exchanged our joys.

In the foaming new wine, my thirsty blade, drink deep, and taste from heart to heart;

While you've been tasting crimson blood, my throat grew dry with ardour.

Den grünen Zeigern

Den grünen Zeigern, Den roten Wangen, Den lustigen Geigern Bin ich nachgegangen Von Schenk' zu Schenk',

Green wine-bushes

Green wine-bushes, red cheeks. happy fiddlers these have I followed from inn to inn,

Solang' ich denk'.

Am Tschako jetzt trag' ich Die grünen Äste, Rote Wangen, die schlag' ich Den Feinden aufs beste, Kanonengebrumm Musiziert herum. for as long as I can remember.

In my shako now I wear the green branches, I treat the foe to red cheeks with a will, the roar of the cannon makes music all around.

Da liegt der Feinde gestreckte Schar

Da liegt der Feinde gestreckte Schar, Sie liegt in ihrem blutroten Blut. Wie haut er so scharf, wie haut er so gut, Der flinke Husar!

Da liegen sie, ha! so bleich und rot, Es zittern und wanken noch, husch! husch! Ihre Seelen auf seinem Federbusch; Da liegen sie tot.

Und weiter ruft der Trompetenruf, Er wischt an die Mähne sein nasses Schwert, Und weiter springt sein lustiges Pferd Mit rotem Huf.

There lies the foe stretched out

There lies the foe stretched out, lying in its blood-red blood. How sharply he strikes, how well he strikes, the nimble hussar!

There they lie, aha! so pale and red, hush, their souls are still trembling and reeling on his helmet's plume; there they lie all dead.

And again the trumpet calls,
he wipes his wet sword on the horse's mane, and his frisky steed gallops on with red hooves.

Othmar Schoeck (1886-1957)

Elegie Op. 36 (1915-22)

An den Wind Nikolaus Lenau

Dass ich mein Glück
verlassen muss,
Doch hört' ich nicht den
liebsten Klang,
Du rauher, kalter
Windeshauch,
Entreissest ihren letzten
Gruss?
Ich wandre fort ins ferne Land;
Ist's nicht genug, dass du mir

auch
Mir nach auf meinem trüben
Gang,

Noch einmal blickt' ich um, bewegt,

To the wind

I must leave my
happiness behind,
I did not hear that
loveliest of sounds,
you cold, raw breath of
wind –
deny me her last
greeting?
I travel to a distant land;
Is that not enough? Must
you also
to me on my sad
journey,
once more I looked back
in alarm,

Und sah, wie sie den Mund geregt Und wie gewinket ihre Hand. Weil ihn der Wind getragen fort. Wohl rief sie noch ein and saw how her mouth quivered, and how she waved her hand. because the wind bore it away.
Though she uttered a friendly word

Herbstgefühl

freundlich Wort

Nikolaus Lenau

Mürrisch braust der Eichenwald, Aller Himmel ist umzogen, Und dem Wandrer, rauh und kalt, Kommt der Herbstwind nachgeflogen.

Wie der Wind zu
Herbsteszeit
Mordend hinsaust in den
Wäldern,
Weht mir die Vergangenheit
Von des Glückes
Stoppelfeldern.

An den Bäumen, welk und matt, Schwebt des Laubes letzte Neige, Niedertaumelt Blatt auf Blatt Und verhüllt die Waldessteige;

Immer dichter fällt es,
will
Mir den Reisepfad
verderben,
Dass ich lieber halte
still,
Gleich am Orte hier zu sterben.

Autumnal feeling

Sullenly the oak wood roars, all the sky is overcast, and the cold and raw autumn wind comes hurtling after the wanderer.

Just as the wind in autumn soughs murderously through the woods, so does my past gust at me from the stubble-fields of joy.

The last of the leaves, withered, tarnished, hang from the trees, down they flutter one by one, veiling the woodland paths.

The leaves fall ever more thickly and almost obscure my way, so that I'd sooner halt in silence and die on this very spot.

Text continues overleaf

Verlorenes Glück

Nikolaus I enau

Die Bäume rauschen hier noch immer, Doch sind's dieselben Blätter

nimmer,

Wie einst in jener Sommernacht.

Wohin, du rauhes Erdenwetter, Hast du die damals grünen Blätter,

Wohin hast du mein Glück gebracht?

Sie schritt mit mir durch diese Bäume, Ihr gleicht kein Bild beglückter Träume, So schön und doch so treu und klar:

Das Mondlicht ruht' auf ihren Wangen,

Und ihre süssen Worte klangen: "Dich werd' ich lieben immerdar!"

Je tiefer mit den Räuberkrallen Der Tod ins Leben mir gefallen, Je tiefer schloss ins Herz ich ein

Den Schatz der Lieb', dem Tode wehrend;

Doch bricht der Räuber, allbegehrend,

Zuletzt nicht auch den letzten Schrein?

Lost happiness

The trees still rustle here, but the leaves are no longer the same as they were that summer night.

What, O stormy weather, have you done with the once green leaves, what have you done with

my happiness?

She walked with me beneath these trees, she surpasses any blissful dream, so fair she is, and yet so loyal and serene; moonlight shone on her cheeks.

and sweetly she said: 'I shall love you ever more!'

The deeper thievish death clawed at my life, the deeper I enclosed my beloved in my arms, warding off death; but does not the all-desiring thief in the end break open the last shrine?

Das Mondlicht

Dein gedenkend irr' ich einsam Diesen Strom entlang; Könnten lauschen wir gemeinsam Seinem Wellenklang!

Könnten wir zusammenschauen In den Mond empor, Der da drüben aus den Auen

Leise taucht hervor.

Freundlich streut er meinem Blicke Aus dem Silberschein

Moonlight

Thinking of you, I wander lonely along this river-bank; if only we could listen together to the sound of its waves!

If only we could look up together at the moon, that looms up softly over there from the meadows.

Its kindly rays create for me with its silver glow Stromhinüber eine Brücke Bis zum stillen Hain.

Wo des Stromes frohe Wellen Durch den Schimmer ziehn, Seh' ich, wie hinab die schnellen Unaufhaltsam fliehn.

Aber wo im schimmerlosen Dunkel geht die Flut, Ist sie nur ein dumpfes Tosen, Das dem Auge ruht. -

Dass doch mein Geschick mir brächte Einen Blick von dir! Süsses Mondlicht meiner Nächte, Mädchen, bist du

mirl

Wenn nach dir ich oft vergebens In die Nacht gesehn, Scheint der dunkle Strom des Lebens Trauernd still zu stehn;

Wenn du über seinen Wogen Strahlest zauberhell, Seh' ich sie dahingezogen, Ach! nur allzuschnell! a bridge that leads to the silent grove.

Where the river's merry waves flow through the shimmer, I see how the swift waves tumble headlong down.

But there
in the lustreless darkness
the water makes a
muffled sound –
restful to the eye. –

But if only my fate could let me glimpse you! Sweet moonlight of my nights is what you are to me, my girl!

When I have often gazed into the night for you in vain, the dark river of life seemed to stand still in mourning;

When you shed your magic brightness over its waters, I see her departing with ah! too great a haste!

Herbstentschluss

Trübe Wolken.

Herbstesluft,
Einsam wandl' ich meine
Strassen,
Welkes Laub, kein Vogel
ruft Ach, wie stille! wie verlassen!

Todeskühl der Winter naht; Wo sind, Wälder, eure Wonnen? Fluren, eurer vollen Saat Goldne Wellen sind verronnen!

Es ist worden kühl und spät, Nebel auf der Wiese weidet, Durch die öden Haine

weht

Autumnal resolution

Sad clouds, autumnal breezes – I journey lonely on my way, leaves are withered, no birds sing – ah! how silent and desolate!

Winter draws near, cold as death; where, O forests, are your delights? Fields, the golden waves of your abundant corn have vanished.

Now it is late and cool, mists graze upon the meadow, nostalgia wafts through desolate Heimweh; - alles flieht und scheidet.

Herz, vernimmst du diesen Klang Von den felsentstürzten Bächen? Zeit gewesen wär' es lang, Dass wir ernsthaft uns

besprächen!

Herz, du hast dir selber oft Wehgethan, und hast es andern, Weil du hast geliebt, gehofft; Nun ist's aus, wir müssen wandern!

Auf die Reise will ich fest Ein dich schliessen und verwahren, Draussen mag ein linder West, Oder Sturm vorüberfahren;

Schweigsam wandeln und alleine, Dass auf unsern Grabeshang Niemand als der Regen weine!

Dass wir unsern letzten Gang

Welke Rose Nikolaus Lenau

In einem Buche blätternd, fand Ich eine Rose, welk, zerdrückt, Und weiss auch nicht mehr, wessen Hand Sie einst für mich gepflückt.

Ach, mehr und mehr im Abendhauch Verweht Erinnrung; bald zerstiebt Mein Erdenlos, dann weiss ich auch Nicht mehr, wer mich geliebt. groves – all things flee and part.

Heart, can you hear this sound of streams cascading down the rocks?
You and I should long ago have spoken in earnest to each other!

Heart, you have often hurt yourself and others too, because you have loved and hoped; all now is over, we must go!

On the journey I shall enfold you and keep you safe in my arms, though a gentle west wind or storm rage outside;

So that we might make our final journey in silence and in solitude, so that by our graveside the rain alone will weep!

Withered rose

Leafing through a book, I found a rose, withered and crushed, and can no longer remember whose hand once plucked it for me.

Memory dissipates more and more in the evening breeze; my life on earth will soon turn to dust – when I shall no longer know who loved me.

Robert Schumann

6 Gedichte von N Lenau und Requiem Op. 90 (1850)

Lied eines Schmiedes

Fein Rösslein, ich Beschlage dich, Sei frisch und fromm, Und wieder komm!

Trag deinen Herrn Stets treu dem Stern, Der seiner Bahn Hell glänzt voran!

Trag auf dem Ritt Mit jedem Tritt Den Reiter du Dem Himmel zu!

Nun, Rösslein, ich Beschlagen dich, Sei frisch und fromm, Und wieder komm!

Blacksmith's song

Fine little steed, you'll soon be shod, be frisky and good, and come back again!

Carry your master ever true to the star that shines brightly on his path!

With each step as you go, carry your rider nearer heaven!

There, little steed, now you're shod, be frisky and good, and come back again!

Meine Rose

Dem holden Lenzgeschmeide,
Der Rose, meiner Freude,
Die schon gebeugt und
blasser
Vom heissen Strahl der Sonnen,
Reich' ich den Becher Wasser
Aus dunklem, tiefen Bronnen.

Du Rose meines Herzens!
Vom stillen Strahl des
Schmerzens
Bist du gebeugt und blasser;
Ich möchte dir zu Füssen,
Wie dieser Blume Wasser,
Still meine Seele
giessen!
Könnt' ich dann auch nicht
sehen
Dich freudig auferstehen.

My rose

To spring's fair jewel, to the rose, my delight, already drooping and pale from the heat of the sun, I bring a beaker of water from the deep, dark well.

Rose of my heart!
You droop and pale
from the silent shaft of pain; I would silently pour out my soul at your feet, as I pour water for this flower!
Even though I might not then see you happily revive.

Kommen und Scheiden Meeting and parting

So oft sie kam, erschien mir die Gestalt So lieblich, wie das erste

Grün im Wald.

Und was sie sprach, drang mir zum Herzen ein Süss wie des Frühlings erstes Lied.

Und als Lebwohl sie winkte mit der Hand, War's, ob der letzte Jugendtraum mir schwand. Each time we met, the sight of her seemed as dear as the first green in the wood.

And what she said, pierced my heart as sweetly as the spring's first song.

And when she waved to me in parting, youth's last dream seemed to vanish.

Die Sennin

Schöne Sennin, noch einmal Singe deinen Ruf ins Tal, Dass die frohe Felsensprache Deinem hellen Ruf erwache.

Horch, o Sennin, wie dein Sang In die Brust den Bergen drang, Wie dein Wort die Felsenseelen Freudig fort und fort erzählen!

Aber einst, wie Alles flieht, Scheidest du mit deinem Lied, Wenn dich Liebe fortbewogen, Oder dich der Tod entzogen.

Und verlassen warden stehn, Traurig stumm herübersehn Dort die grauen Felsenzinnen Und auf deine Lieder sinnen.

The cowgirl

Lovely cowgirl, sing once more your song into the valley, that the cliffs wake with joyful speech at your clear summons.

Listen, girl, how your song
has pierced the heart of the mountains,
how the souls of the crags joyfully
keep echoing your words!

But all things pass, and one day you will depart with your song, when love has drawn you away or death has claimed you.

And the towering grey crags
will then stand deserted, sadly looking down in silence, remembering your songs.

Einsamkeit

Wild verwachs'ne dunkle Fichten, Leise klagt die Quelle fort; Herz, das ist der rechte Ort

Solitude

A wild tangle of dark spruce, the fountain's soft and ceaseless lament; heart, this is a fitting place Für dein schmerzliches Verzichten!

Grauer Vogel in den Zweigen, Einsam deine Klage singt, Und auf deine Frage bringt Antwort nicht des Waldes Schweigen.

Wenn's auch immer Schweigen bliebe, Klage, klage fort; es weht, Der dich höret und versteht, Stille hier der Geist der Liebe.

Nicht verloren hier im Moose, Herz, dein heimlich Weinen geht, Deine Liebe Gott versteht, Deine tiefe, hoffnungslose! for your painful renunciation!

A grey bird alone in the branches sings of your sorrow, and to your questioning the silent forest brings no reply.

Even if silence reigned forever, continue, continue your lament; the spirit of love blows silently here, it hears and understands

Heart, your secret
weeping
is not lost here amongst
the moss,
God understands your love,
your deep and hopeless
love!

Der schwere Abend

Die dunklen Wolken hingen Herab so bang und schwer, Wir beide traurig gingen Im Garten hin und her.

So heiss und stumm, so trübe Und sternlos war die Nacht, So ganz wie unsre Liebe Zu Tränen nur gemacht.

Und als ich musste scheiden, Und gute Nacht dir bot, Wünscht' ich bekümmert beiden Im Herzen uns den Tod.

The oppressive evening

The dark clouds hung so anxiously and heavy, we both walked up and down sadly in the garden.

The night was so sultry and silent, so gloomy and starless, just like our love, fit only for tears.

And when I had to leave and bade you good night, I wished us both dead in the anguish of my heart.

Requiem

Anonymous trans. Leberecht Blücher Dreves

Ruh' von schmerzensreichen Mühen Aus und heissem Liebesglühen; Der nach seligem Verein Trug Verlangen,

Requiem

Rest from pain-wracked toil and love's passionate ardour; he who desired blessed reunion in Heaven Ist gegangen

Zu des Heilands Wohnung ein.

has entered

the Saviour's dwelling.

For the righteous, bright

shine within the tomb,

appear as a night star,

when he beholds his Lord

for him, who will himself

Dem Gerechten leuchten

helle

Sterne in des Grabes Zelle,

Ihm, der selbst als Stern der

Nacht

Wird erscheinen. Wenn er seinen

Herrn erschaut in

Himmelspracht.

glory.

Holy spirit, let comfort not be lacking.

Do you hear? Songs of joy

Intercede for him, holy souls,

in Heavenly

Heil'ger Geist, lass Trost

Seid Fürsprecher, heil'ge

Seelen,

nicht fehlen;

Hörst du? Jubelsang erklingt,

resound, solemn tones,

Feiertöne, Darein die among them the lovely

schöne song

Engelsharfe singt: of the angels' harp:

Ruh' von schmerzensreichen

Mühen

Aus und heissem

Liebesglühen;

Der nach seligem Verein

Trug Verlangen,

Ist gegangen

Zu des Heilands Wohnung ein.

Rest from pain-wracked

and love's passionate

ardour: he who desired

blessed reunion in Heaven

has entered

the Saviour's dwelling.

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