Sunday 16 April 2023 3.00pm

## WIGMORE HALL

Michael Arivony baritone Teodora Oprisor piano

Ludwig van Beethoven (1770-1827)

Adelaide Op. 46 (c.1794-6)

An die ferne Geliebte Op. 98 (1816)

Auf dem Hügel sitz ich, spähend
Wo die Berge so blau
Leichte Segler in den Höhen
Diese Wolken in den Höhen
Es kehret der Maien
Nimm sie hin denn, diese Lieder

Gustav Mahler (1860-1911)

Hans und Grete (1880)

Lieder eines fahrenden Gesellen (1883-5)

Wenn mein Schatz Hochzeit macht

Ging heut' morgen über's Feld

Ich hab' ein glühend Messer

Die zwei blauen Augen



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'Adelaide' dates from around 1796, the same period that saw the composition of the early piano trios and sonatas. It was not until 1800, however, that Beethoven sent the song to Friedrich von Matthisson, the author of the poem which had enjoyed enormous popularity as soon as it was published. Beethoven dedicated his 'Adelaide' to the poet, and sent him the song with a letter that speaks volumes about the composer's lack of confidence in his own work. 'Even now', the second paragraph begins, 'I send you my Adelaide with some apprehension. You yourself are aware what difference a few years can make in a composer who continues to develop: the greater the progress one makes in art, the less satisfactory one's early works become. My greatest wish will have been fulfilled if my musical setting of your heavenly Adelaide does not entirely displease you . . .'. When the song was mentioned to Beethoven many years later, he contented himself with the lapidary reply, 'Das Gedicht ist sehr schön' ('The poem is very beautiful').

An die ferne Geliebte is widely considered to be the first ever song cycle - it was certainly the first time that a major composer had organised a group of songs with piano accompaniment into a coherent whole. Beethoven had written his celebrated letter to the 'Immortal Beloved' in July 1812, and although An die ferne Geliebte was composed four years after that tortured outpouring, there's enough evidence to suggest that he was still obsessed by the unknown woman, and that the cycle was an attempt to exorcise her. The poet, Alois Jeitteles (or Aloys Jeiteles), was a doctor by profession, and though his verse appeared in several almanacs, the poems were never published in book form, and Beethoven was probably delighted to have found a virtually unknown collaborator who was not only musical and cultured but almost certainly willing to be directed. Each of the six poems is dominated by the image of the distant beloved. 'Auf dem Hügel sitz' ich, spähend' tells of their first meeting ('in the distant meadows') and their subsequent separation which, we are told, is a torment ('Qual') to both of them. 'Wo die Berge so blau' expresses the poet's obsessive wish - the 'wo' is mentioned four times – to be by her side. His reverie is banished in the next song, 'Leichte Segler in den Höhen', in which he begs the scudding clouds, rippling brook and gusting breeze to convey to her his longing. The same idea (and same key) is continued in 'Diese Wolken in den Höhen' which contains the only sensuous phrase in the cycle that describes the breeze frolicking about her cheeks and breast and burrowing in her silken locks. All these fond imaginings, however, vanish in the fifth song, 'Es kehret der Maien', as the poet comes down to earth with a bump, and the joy of all nature (especially the conjugal bliss of the swallow) is contrasted with the

barrenness of his own love, which leads him to conclude in 'Nimm sie hin denn, diese Lieder' – with a mixture of reverence and stoicism – that only through his poetry will he be at one with the object of his desire.

Mahler's 'Hans und Grete' has an interesting history. Fragments from the song occurred in the third of the Poisl-Lieder that he had composed in 1880 to his own poems, as an expression of his love for Josephine Poisl, daughter of the postman in Jihlava, where he had spent his early childhood. They were performed on Prague radio in 1934, with Alfred Rosé, the composer's nephew, at the piano. The third song was called 'Maitanz im Grünen', themes of which Mahler incorporated into the later 'Hans und Grete' and also into the scherzo second movement of his First Symphony.

The poems of *Lieder eines fahrenden Gesellen* were written by Mahler in the midst of a traumatic relationship with Johanna Richter, a soprano at the Kassel Opera, where Mahler was Chorus Master. The poems, by Mahler himself, are heavily autobiographical, and the mood and theme of the four songs bear a striking resemblance to Schubert's Winterreise. Both protagonists are jilted, both set out on a journey and both lie down to rest beneath a lime tree. Mahler's opening song shares with Schubert's last the same pedal-point and empty fifths, and throughout the two works the wanderer's grief is highlighted by sporadic references to unattainable joy - in Schubert the retrospective bliss of a past relationship, in Mahler the presence of nature's ravishing beauty. The cumulative power of this nature description has its counterpart in the progressive tonality of the cycle, for each song ends in a higher key than the one in which it started - a sort of cranking up of the emotions. The distraught mood of 'Wenn mein Schatz Hochzeit macht' is underlined by the constant shift from *allegro* to *andante*, and from 4/8 to 3/8 time. 'Ging heut' morgen über's Feld' is the only song that starts happily and never modulates to the minor. The opening phrase with its fourths became the main theme of Mahler's First Symphony. 'Ich hab' ein glühend Messer' starts in D minor, and in the middle section, at 'Wenn ich in den Himmel seh', seh' ich zwei blaue Augen stehn', magically enters C major, accompanied continually, though, by sharp dissonances. When the main theme returns it is a semitone higher. 'Die zwei blauen Augen' begins as a funeral march, the first of many that appear in Mahler's works. Unlike the protagonist in Schubert's Winterreise, Mahler's wanderer finds lasting peace beneath the linden tree.

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#### Ludwig van Beethoven (1770-1827)

### Adelaide Op. 46

(c.1794-6)

Friedrich von Matthisson

Einsam wandelt dein Freund im Frühlingsgarten, Mild vom lieblichen Zauberlicht umflossen, Das durch wankende Blütenzweige zittert. Adelaide!

In der spiegelnden Flut, im Schnee der Alpen, In des sinkenden Tages Goldgewölken, Im Gefilde der Sterne strahlt dein Bildnis. Adelaide!

Abendlüftchen im zarten Laube flüstern, Silberglöckchen des Mais im Grase säuseln, Wellen rauschen und Nachtigallen flöten: Adelaide!

Einst, o Wunder! entblüht auf meinem Grabe Eine Blume der Asche meines Herzens; Deutlich schimmert auf jedem Purpurblättchen: Adelaide!

#### Adelaide

Your friend wanders lonely in the spring garden, gently bathed in the magical sweet light that shimmers through swaying boughs in bloom. Adelaide!

In the mirroring waves, in the Alpine snows, In the golden clouds of the dying day, In the fields of stars your image shines, Adelaide!

Evening breezes whisper in the tender leaves, the silvery bells of May rustle in the grass, waves murmur and nightingales sing: Adelaide!

One day, O miracle! there shall bloom on my grave a flower from the ashes of my heart; on every purple leaf shall clearly shimmer: Adelaide!

## An die ferne Geliebte Op. 98 (1816)

Alois Jeitteles

### Auf dem Hügel sitz ich, I sit on the hill, spähend

Auf dem Hügel sitz ich, spähend In das blaue Nebelland, Nach den fernen Triften sehend. Wo ich dich, Geliebte, fand. Weit bin ich von dir geschieden, Trennend liegen Berg und

Zwischen uns und unserm

Frieden.

## gazing

I sit on the hill, gazing into the misty blue countryside, towards the distant meadows where, my love, I first found you. Now I'm far away from you, mountain and valley intervene between us and our peace,

Unserm Glück und unsrer Qual. Ach, den Blick kannst du nicht sehen, Der zu dir so glühend Und die Seufzer, sie verwehen In dem Raume, der uns teilt. Will denn nichts mehr zu dir dringen, Nichts der Liebe Bote sein? Singen will ich, Lieder singen, Die dir klagen meine Pein! Denn vor Liebesklang entweichet Jeder Raum und jede Zeit, Und ein liebend Herz erreichet Was ein liebend Herz

our happiness and our pain. Ah, you cannot see the fiery gaze that wings its way towards you, and my sighs are lost in the space that comes between us. Will nothing ever reach you again? Will nothing be love's messenger? I shall sing, sing songs that speak to you of my distress! For sounds of singing put to flight all space and all time; and a loving heart is reached by what a loving heart has hallowed!

#### Wo die Berge so blau

geweiht!

Wo die Berge so blau Aus dem nebligen Grau Schauen herein. Wo die Sonne verglüht, Wo die Wolke umzieht, Möchte ich sein! Dort im ruhigen Tal Schweigen Schmerzen und Qual. Wo im Gestein Still die Primel dort sinnt, Weht so leise der Wind. Möchte ich sein! Hin zum sinnigen Wald Drängt mich Liebesgewalt, Innere Pein. Ach, mich zög's nicht von hier. Könnt ich, Traute, bei dir Ewiglich sein!

### Where the blue mountains

Where the blue mountains from the misty grey look out towards me. where the sun's glow fades, where the clouds scud by there would I be! There, in the peaceful valley, pain and torment cease. Where among the rocks the primrose meditates in silence. and the wind blows so softly there would I be! I am driven to the musing wood by the power of love, inner pain. Ah, nothing could tempt me from here, if I were able, my love, to be with you eternally!

Please do not turn the page until the song and its accompaniment have ended

#### Leichte Segler in den Höhen

Leichte Segler in den Höhen Und du Bächlein, klein und schmal,

Könnt mein Liebchen ihr erspähen,

Grüsst sie mir viel tausendmal.

Seht ihr, Wolken, sie dann gehen

Sinnend in dem stillen Tal.

Lasst mein Bild vor ihr entstehen

In dem luft'gen Himmelssaal. Wird sie an den Büschen stehen.

Die nun herbstlich falb und kahl.

Klagt ihr, wie mir ist geschehen, Klagt ihr, Vöglein, meine Qual.

Stille Weste, bringt im Wehen

Hin zu meiner Herzenswahl

Meine Seufzer, die vergehen Wie der Sonne letzter Strahl.

Flüstr' ihr zu mein Liebesflehen,

Lass sie, Bächlein klein und schmal,

Treu in deinen Wogen sehen Meine Tränen ohne Zahl!

## Light clouds sailing on high

Light clouds sailing on high, and you, narrow little brook,

if you catch sight of my love,

greet her a thousand times.

If, clouds, you see her walking

thoughtful in the silent valley,

let my image loom before her

in the airy vaults of heaven.
If she be standing by the bushes

autumn has turned fallow and bare.

pour out to her my fate, pour out, you birds, my torment.

Soft west winds, waft my sighs

to her my heart has chosen –

sighs that fade away like the sun's last ray.

Whisper to her my entreaties,

let her, narrow little brook,

truly see in your ripples my never-ending tears!

## Diese Wolken in den Höhen

Diese Wolken in den Höhen, Dieser Vöglein muntrer Zug Werden dich, o Huldin, sehen.

Nehmt mich mit im leichten Flug!

Diese Weste warden spielen

Scherzend dir um Wang' und Brust.

In den seidnen Locken wühlen. –

Teilt ich mit euch diese Lust! Hin zu dir von jenen Hügeln

Emsig dieses Bächlein eilt. Wird ihr Bild sich in dir spiegeln, Fliess zurück dann unverweilt!

# These clouds on high

These clouds on high, this cheerful flight of birds will see you, O gracious one.

take me lightly winging

These west winds will playfully

blow about your cheeks and breast,

will ruffle your silken tresses. –

Would I might share that joy! This brooklet hastens eagerly

to you from those hills. If she's reflected in you, flow directly back to me!

#### Es kehret der Maien

Es kehret der Maien, Es blühet die Au, Die Lüfte, sie wehen So milde, so lau, Geschwätzig die Bäche nun rinnen.

Die Schwalbe, die kehret Zum wirtlichen Dach, Sie baut sich so emsig Ihr bräutlich Gemach, Die Liebe soll wohnen da drinnen.

Sie bringt sich geschäftig Von kreuz und von Quer Manch weicheres Stück Zu dem Brautbett hieher, Manch wärmendes Stück für die Kleinen.

Nun wohnen die Gatten Beisammen so treu, Was Winter geschieden, Verband nun der Mai, Was liebet, das weiss er zu einen.

Es kehret der Maien, Es blühet die Au. Die Lüfte, sie wehen So milde, so lau; Nur ich kann nicht ziehen von hinnen.

Wenn alles, was liebet,
Der Frühling vereint,
Nur unserer Liebe
Kein Frühling erscheint,
Und Tränen sind all ihr
Gewinnen.

#### May returns

May returns, the meadow blooms. The breezes blow so gentle, so mild, the babbling brooks flow again.

The swallow returns to her rooftop home, and eagerly builds her bridal chamber, where love shall dwell.

She busily brings from every direction many soft scraps for the bridal bed, many warm scraps for her young. Now the pair lives

Now the pair lives faithfully together, what winter parted, May has joined, for May can unite all who

love.
May returns,
the meadow blooms.

the meadow blooms.
The breezes blow
so gentle, so mild;
I alone cannot move
on.

When spring unites all lovers, our love alone knows no spring, and tears are its only gain.

#### Nimm sie hin denn, diese Lieder

Nimm sie hin denn, diese Lieder,

Die ich dir, Geliebte, sang, Singe sie dann abends wieder

Zu der Laute süssem Klang! Wenn das Dämmrungsrot dann ziehet

Nach dem stillen blauen See, Und sein letzter Strahl verglühet Hinter jener

Bergeshöh; Und du singst, was ich gesungen,

Was mir aus der vollen Brust Ohne Kunstgepräng erklungen, Nur der Sehnsucht sich bewusst:

Dann vor diesen Liedern weichet

Was geschieden uns so weit,

Und ein liebend Herz erreichet,

Was ein liebend Herz geweiht!

# Accept, then, these songs

Accept, then, these songs

I sang for you, beloved; sing them again at evening to the lute's sweet sound!
As the red light of evening draws towards the calm blue lake, and its last rays fade behind those mountain heights;

and you sing what I sang

from a full heart
with no display of art,
aware only of
longing:

then, at these songs,

the distance that parted us shall recede, and a loving heart be

reached by what a loving heart has hallowed!

## Gustav Mahler (1860-1911)

## Hans und Grete (1880)

Gustav Mahler

Ringel, ringel Reih'n!
Wer fröhlich ist, der schlinge
sich ein!
Wer Sorgen hat, der lass' sie
daheim!
Wer ein liebes Liebchen
küsst.

Wie glücklich der ist! Ei, Hänsel, du hast ja kein's!

So suche dir ein's! Ein liebes Liebchen, das ist was Fein's. Juchhe!

#### Hans and Grete

Ring-a-ring, dance in a ring!
Whoever's happy, let him join in!
Whoever has troubles, let him leave them behind!
Whoever kisses a sweetheart,
how lucky he is!
Why Hans, you haven't got one!
So look for one!
A loving sweetheart is

wonderful. Hurrah!

Ringel, ringel Reih'n!
Ei, Gretchen, was stehst denn so allein?
Guckst doch hinüber zum Hänselein!?
Und ist doch der Mai so grün?
Und die Lüfte, sie zieh'n!
Ei, seht doch den dummen Hans!
Wie er rennet zum Tanz!
Er suchte ein Liebchen, Juchhe!

Ring-a-ring, dance in a ring! But Grete, why are you all alone? Yet you're glancing at Hans over there!? And the month of May is so green! And the breezes are blowing! Oh just look at foolish Hansl How he rushes to the dance! He was looking for a sweetheart, sing-ho! He has found one! Sing-hey!

Ring-a-ring, dance in a ring!

#### Lieder eines fahrenden Gesellen (1883-5) Gustav Mahler

#### Wenn mein Schatz Hochzeit macht

Er fand's! Juchhe!

Ringel, ringel Reih'n!

Wenn mein Schatz Hochzeit macht, Fröhliche Hochzeit macht, Hab' ich meinen traurigen Tag! Geh' ich in mein Kämmerlein, Dunkles Kämmerlein!

Dunkles Kämmerlein! Weine! wein'! Um meinen Schatz.

Um meinen lieben Schatz!

Blümlein blau! Blümlein blau!

Verdorre nicht! Verdorre nicht!

Vöglein süss! Vöglein süss!

Du singst auf grüner Heide! "Ach, wie ist die Welt so schön! Ziküth! Ziküth!"

Singet nicht! Blühet nicht! Lenz ist ja vorbei! Alles Singen ist nun aus! Des Abends, wenn ich schlafen geh', Denk' ich an mein Leid!

An mein Leide!

# When my love has her wedding-day

When my love has her wedding-day, her joyous wedding-day, I have my day of mourning!
I go into my little room, My dark little room!
I weep, weep! For my love, my dearest love!

Blue little flower! Blue little flower!

Do not wither, do not wither!

Sweet little bird! Sweet little bird!

Singing on the green heath!

'Ah, how fair the world is!

Jug-jug! Jug-jug!'

Do not sing! Do not bloom!
For spring is over!
All singing now is done!
At night, when I go to
rest,
I think of my sorrow!
My sorrow!

#### Ging heut' morgen über's Feld

Ging heut' morgen über's Feld.

Tau noch auf den Gräsern hing;

Sprach zu mir der lust'ge Fink:

"Ei, du! Gelt?

Guten Morgen! Ei, Gelt? Du!

Wird's nicht eine schöne Welt? Zink! Zink! Schön und flink!

Wie mir doch die Welt gefällt!"

Auch die Glockenblum' am Feld

Hat mir lustig, guter Ding', Mit den Glöckchen, klinge, kling,

Ihren Morgengruss geschellt:

"Wird's nicht eine schöne Welt? Kling! Kling! Schönes Ding! Wie mir doch die Welt gefällt!"

Und da fing im Sonnenschein

Gleich die Welt zu funkeln an;

Alles, Alles, Ton und Farbe gewann!

Im Sonnenschein!

Blum' und Vogel, gross und klein!

"Guten Tag! Guten Tag! Ist's nicht eine schöne Welt? Ei, du! Gelt? Schöne

Nun fängt auch mein Glück wohl an?

Nein! Nein! Das ich mein',

Welt!"

Mir nimmer, nimmer blühen kann!

## I walked across the fields this morning

I walked across the fields this morning,

dew still hung on the grass,

the merry finch said to me:

'You there, hey -

Good morning! Hey, you there!

Isn't it a lovely world?
Tweet! Tweet! Bright and
sweet!

O how I love the world!'

And the harebell at the field's edge,

merrily and in good spirits, ding-ding with its tiny bell

rang out its morning greeting:

'lsn't it a lovely world? Ding-ding! Beautiful thing! O how I love the world!'

And then in the gleaming sun

the world at once began to sparkle;

all things gained in tone and colour!

In the sunshine!

Flower and bird, great and small.

'Good day! Good day! Isn't it a lovely world? Hey, you there! A lovely

world!'

Will my happiness now begin?

No! No! The happiness I mean

can never bloom for me!

#### Ich hab' ein glühend Messer

Ich hab' ein glühend Messer, Ein Messer in meiner Brust, O weh! O weh! Das schneid't so tief

In jede Freud' und jede Lust,

So tief! so tief!

Es schneid't so weh und tief!

Ach, was ist das für ein böser Gast!

Nimmer hält er Ruh', Nimmer hält er Rast! Nicht bei Tag,

Nicht bei Nacht, wenn ich schlief!

O weh! O weh! O weh!

Wenn ich in den Himmel seh', Seh' ich zwei blaue Augen steh'n!

O weh! O weh!

Wenn ich im gelben Felde geh'

Seh' ich von fern das blonde Haar

Im Winde weh'n! O weh! O weh!

Wenn ich aus dem Traum auffahr'

Und höre klingen ihr silbern Lachen,

O weh! O weh!

Ich wollt', ich läg' auf der schwarzen Bahr',

Könnt' nimmer die Augen aufmachen!

## I've a gleaming knife

I've a gleaming knife, a knife in my breast, alas! Alas!

It cuts so deep

into every joy and every bliss,

so deep, so deep!

It cuts so sharp and deep!

Ah, what a cruel guest it is!

Never at peace, never at rest! Neither by day nor by night, when I'd

sleep! Alas! Alas! Alas!

When I look into the sky,

I see two blue eyes!

Alas! Alas!

When I walk in the yellow field,

I see from afar her golden hair

blowing in the wind! Alas! Alas!

When I wake with a jolt from my dream

and hear her silvery laugh,

alas! Alas!

I wish I were lying on the black bier,

and might never open my eyes again!

#### Die zwei blauen Augen

Die zwei blauen Augen von meinem Schatz,

Die haben mich in die weite Welt geschickt.

Da musst' ich Abschied nehmen

Vom allerliebsten Platz!

O Augen blau, warum habt ihr mich angeblickt?

Nun hab' ich ewig Leid und Grämen!

Ich bin ausgegangen in stiller Nacht,

Wohl über die dunkle Heide. Hat mir niemand Ade gesagt, Ade!

Mein Gesell' war Lieb' und Leide!

Auf der Strasse stand ein Lindenbaum,

Da hab' ich zum ersten Mal im Schlaf geruht!

Unter dem Lindenbaum,

Der hat seine Blüten über mich geschneit,

Da wusst' ich nicht, wie das Leben tut,

War alles, alles wieder

gut! Alles! Alles!

Lieb' und Leid, und Welt und

Traum!

#### The two blue eyes

The two blue eyes of my

have sent me into the wide world.

I had to bid farewell

to the place I loved most!

O blue eyes, why did you look on me?

Grief and sorrow shall now be mine forever!

I set out in the still night,

across the dark heath.

No one bade me farewell,

farewell!

My companions were love and sorrow!

A lime tree stood by the roadside,

where I first found peace in sleep!

Under the lime tree

which snowed its blossom on me,

I was not aware of how life hurts,

and all, all was well once more!

AII! AII!

Love and sorrow, and world and dream!