WIGMORE HALL

Wednesday 17 April 2024 7.30pm

Maria Motolygina soprano Alexey Neklyudov tenor	Dmitry Cheblykov bass-baritone Iain Burnside piano
Sergey Taneyev (1856-1915)	The origin of the harp Op. 26 No. 1 (1908) Sleeping forests Op. 26 No. 5 (1908) Mask Op. 34 No. 3 (1911-2) Night in Crimea Op. 34 No. 6 (1911-2) Night in the mountains of Scotland Op. 33 No. 1 (1911) Notturno Op. 17 No. 7 (1878, rev. 1905) And the enemies shuddered Op. 26 No. 8 (1908)
Anatoly Alexandrov (1888-1982)	From the Alexandrian Songs of Mikhail Kuzmin (1915-29) The sun, divine Ra-Helios • You are like a fortune teller • When I leave the house in the morning • Ah, I am leaving Alexandria • Like a mother's song
Samuil Feinberg (1890-1962)	The Upas tree Op. 16 No. 1 (1923)
	Interval
Sergey Rachmaninov (1873-1943) Georgy Catoire (1861-1926) Sergey Rachmaninov Nikolay Tcherepnin (1873-1945) Sergey Rachmaninov	Interval Oh no, I beg you, do not leave! Op. 4 No. 1 (1890-3) The isle Op. 14 No. 2 (1896) Mermaid's song Op. 11 No. 1 (pub. c.1901) Daisies Op. 38 No. 3 (1916) Twilight Op. 16 No. 4 (pub. 1903) All was taken from me Op. 26 No. 2 (1906) Many are the sounds Op. 26 No. 1 (1906) How painful for me Op. 21 No. 12 (1902)

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It is June 1880, and Moscow society has gathered to witness the unveiling of a statue to Pushkin. It is a celebration of his status as Russia's national poet, but the speech that Dostoyevsky gives identifies another facet of his art. 'The greatest European poets could never so powerfully embody the genius of a foreign, even a neighbouring, people, its spirit in all its hidden depth, and all its yearning after its appointed end, as Pushkin could,' he proclaims. 'On the contrary, when they turned to foreign nations, European poets most often made them one with their own people, and understood them after their own fashion. Even Shakespeare's Italians are almost always Englishmen. Pushkin alone of all world poets possessed the capacity of fully identifying himself with an alien nationality.'

Dostoyevsky's nationalism often hardened into intolerant chauvinism, but his emphasis on Pushkin's cosmopolitanism speaks to a more liberal strain in Russian culture. Russia's dialogue with western Europe reached its height around the turn of the 20th Century, an era that came to be known as the 'Silver Age'. Take the 10 songs that Taneyev composed in 1908, for which he raided an anthology of translations published by 'Ellis' (pseudonym of Lev Kobylinsky) in 1904. In addition to the settings of Baudelaire, Heredia and Moore heard this evening, Taneyev's selection included poems by Dante, Maeterlinck, Orias, Nietzsche, Rodenbach, and Sully-Prudhomme. The 16 settings of the poetry of Polonsky that he wrote in 1911-2 included evocations of the brooding Scottish Highlands, as well as the sensuous delights of the Crimean peninsula. The Russian Empire was itself a multi-ethnic, multilingual and multicultural entity, of course. 'Notturno' is based on a poem by Nikolay Shcherbina, born near the southern city of Taganrog in 1821 to a Ukrainian father and Greek mother. Shcherbina later lived in Kharkiv and Odesa, and his Greek Verses of 1850 brought him to the attention of readers in St Petersburg and Moscow.

Greek culture has often stood for polymorphous erotic delight and an intense life lived in the sun and by the sea, features that define the sequence of Alexandrian Songs that Mikhail Kuzmin wrote between 1905 and 1908. In deceptively sophisticated blank verse that recalls both the surviving fragments of Sappho and the French decadent parodies of Pierre Louÿs (the basis of Debussy's Chansons de Bilitis), Kuzmin hymned an idealised version of the Hellenic city of Alexandria on Egypt's Mediterranean coast. Kuzmin lived and worked in St Petersburg, itself a city of neoclassical elegance, and even set some of his own poems to music. It fell, though, to the Moscow-based Alexandrov to come up with a musical language that sought to convey every nuance of his words. Full of echoes of Debussy and Ravel, his ravishing settings reveal how responsive Russian composers could be to the latest European influences. Alexandrov was also a very fine pianist (he composed 14 solo sonatas, for

instance), and his songs are characterised by an evocative and instinctive understanding of the relationship between voice and instrument.

Like Taneyev (and later Alexandrov), Catoire taught at the Moscow Conservatory, instilling in his students a fastidious mastery of form and structure to match their counterparts in western Europe. The echoes of impressionism in his songs can be traced to his French ancestry, although he was also a keen Wagnerite and studied for a while in Berlin. For Tcherepnin, France became his adopted home after he left the Soviet Union in 1921. Before that, he was most closely associated with the cosmopolitan culture of St Petersburg, where he consorted with many of the figures who would go on to establish the Ballets Russes. In 'Twilight', Tcherepnin turns to the intensely philosophical poetry of Tyutchev. A career diplomat with pronounced Slavophile views, Tyutchev spent more than two decades in Western Europe, serving first in Munich and then in Turin. Unsurprisingly, his poetry is suffused with the atmosphere of German Romanticism. Catoire and Tcherepnin hailed from the imperial capitals; Feinberg, by contrast, came from the empire's borderlands. Born in Odesa in 1890, he moved to Moscow aged four, establishing himself as the heir to the pianism of Medtner, Rachmaninov and Skryabin. His setting of Pushkin's The Upas tree dates from 1923, and its dramatic story of the tropical Antiaris toxicaria has a universal resonance.

So what of **Rachmaninov** himself? Brought up on gentry estates in the ancient northern province of Novgorod, he seems archetypically 'Russian' in every respect. Later, he would write for the Orthodox liturgy, and much of his music is suffused with the pealing of church bells. There is certainly plenty of stereotypically 'Slavic' melancholy to be heard in his songs, from the anguish of 'Oh no, I beg you, do not leave!' (Merezhkovsky) and 'How painful for me' (Galina), to the stoicism of 'Many are the sounds' (AK Tolstoy). There are settings of Tyutchev, both philosophical ('All that was taken from me') and ecstatic ('Spring waters'), as well as a song to words by another Slavophile poet, Khomyakov ('To the children'). Yet there are translations too, including Balmont's version of Shelley's The Isle and Tkhorzhevsky's version of Jean-Marie Guyau's Twilight. In 'All things pass', Rachmaninov turned to Daniil Rathaus, the Kyiv law student who had earlier caught the attention of Tchaikovsky and whose poetry – whilst dismissed by literary highbrows - was decidedly popular with turnof-the-century song composers. Like Tchaikovsky, Rachmaninov was a patriot, yet he never succumbed to narrow nationalism. The sentiments expressed in Pushkin's The muse are, as Dostoyevsky suggested, universal. When he left Russia in 1917, Rachmaninov finally became a citizen of the world.

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Sergey Taneyev (1856-1915)

The origin of the harp Op. 26 No. 1 (1908) Ellis, after Thomas Moore

Odno ya chudesnoye znayu predanye: U morya kudryavaya nimfa zhila, Tomilas bednyazhka toskoi ozhidanya I gorkiye slyozy o milom lila...

No tshchetno slezami ona oroshala Volnistye pryadi roskoshnykh kudrei I tscchetno rydayushchei pesnei svoyei Plovtsov zadremavshikh ot sna probuzhdala...

No szhalilis bogi, u chudo svershilos: Vdrug arfa yavilas iz tela yeya, Volos yeyo pyshnykh volna prevratilas V volshebnye

struny, pechalno zvenya... Pust vremya nesyotsya, no s toi

zhe toskoyu Rokochet, i stonet, i dyshit struna, Kogda ya do arfy dotronus rukoyu, Vsyo ta zhe pechal i lyubov v nei slyshna!.. Tis believed that this Harp, which I wake now for thee was a Siren of old, who sung under the sea; and who often, at eve, through the bright waters roved, to meet, on the green shore, a youth whom she loved.

But she loved him in vain, for he left her to weep, and in tears, all the night, her gold tresses to steep, till heaven 'with pity on

true-love so warm, and changed to this soft Harp the sea-maiden's form.

Still her bosom rose fair – still her cheeks smiled the same – while her sea-beauties gracefully form'd the light and her hair, as, let loose, o'er her white arm it fell, was changed to bright chords uttering melody's spell.

Hence it came, that this soft Harp so long hath been known to mingle love's language with sorrow's sad tone; till thou didst divide them, and teach the fond lay

to speak love when I'm near thee, and grief when away.

Sleeping forests Op. 26 No. 5 (1908)

Ellis, after Charles Baudelaire

Lesa dremuchiye, v mrachny, kak sobory,

Pechalen, kak organ, vash neprestannyi shum... Sleeping forests, you are as gloomy as cathedrals, your ceaseless noise is as sad as an organ... V serdtsakh otverzhennykh v minuty gorkikh dum Predsmertnyi slyshen ston na groznye ukory...

Ty, strasnyi Okean, tvoikh valov skakanye, Tvoi besposhchadnyi ryov v polnochnoi tishine I khokhot yarostnyi, i gorkoye rydanye Moi smekh i skorbnyi vopl napominayet mne.

Lyublyu tebya, o noch, tebe moi mechty, No trepet yasnykh zvyozd mne v dushu lyot volnenye,

A ya ishchu lish tmy, lish khladnoi pustoty...

No mrak lish kholst pustoi, i, polnyi umilenya, Ya viznu vnov na nyom zabytye videnya I milykh prizrakov rodimye cherty.

Mask Op. 34 No. 3 (1911-2) Yakov Polonsky

V pestrote, v mnogolyudstve sobranya, Prazdnym vzorom skolzya bez vnimanya, Zloyu skukoi tomimyi davno,

U kolonn vstretil ya domino.

Protyanuv svoyu rukumalyutku, Ona szhala moyu ne na shutku; Na litse moyom zhar zaigral, Na ya miloi moyei ne uznal. In the souls of the damned, in moments of bitter reflection,

a death rattle sounds in answer to your harsh reproaches...

And you, oh fearful Ocean – your pounding waves,

your merciless roar in the still midnight, your ferocious laughter and bitter weeping remind me of my own mirth and mournful wail.

I love you, oh Night, my dreams are for you alone,

but the trembling of the bright stars fills my soul with worry,

yet I seek only darkness, only the chill of oblivion...

But the gloom is but an empty canvas; full of tenderness,

I once again see forgotten visions and the familiar features of tender ghosts.

Across the gaudy crowded gathering I cast my idle, inattentive gaze, long tormented by wicked tedium, I met a costumed woman by the colonnade.

Holding out her childlike hand, she pressed mine in earnest; passion played across my face, yet still I did not recognise my beloved.

Song continues overleaf. Please turn the page as quietly as possible.

Iz-pod rozovoi shyolkovoi maski, Kak dve zvyozdochki, teplilis glazki – I na mne ostanovlennyi zvor Vyrazhal i Lyubov i ukor.

Nakonets ona tikho skazala: 'Ya davno, ya vezde vas iskala' – Izmenil rechi trepetnyi zvuk, Ya znal trepet milykh mne ruk.

O, vo imya lyubvi prostodushnoi, Ne snimai etoi maski bezdushnoi, Ya boyus, drug moi milyi, lyubya, V etot mig ya boyus za tebya.

V pestrote, v mnogolyudstve sobranya Pust proidyot kleveta bez vnimanya, I lyubvi otkrovennoi slova Ne podslushayet zlaya molva! From underneath the pink silk of her mask, her little eyes beamed like little stars – and her gaze fell on me, full of love – and of reproach.

Quietly, she said at last: 'I have been looking for you everywhere' – her quivering voice changed, and I recognised the quivering hands I loved so much.

Oh, in the name of ingenuous love, do you not remove this soulless mask, I love you, my dearest

one, yet I am afraid, at this moment, I fear for you.

Across the gaudy crowded gathering, let calumny pass by unnoticed, and may these honest words of love not be overheard by vile gossip!

Night in Crimea Op. 34 No. 6 (1911-2) Yakov Polonsky

Pomnish, lunnoye mertsanye, Shorokh morya pod skaloi, Sonnykh listyev kolykhanye, I tsyntsyrny strekotanye Za ogradoi sadovoi;

V polumgle nagornym sadom Shli my, – lavr blagoukhal; Grot chernel za vinogradom, I bassein pod vodopadom erepolnennyi zvuchal; Do you recall the moonlight glimmer, the rustling of the sea beneath the cliff, the trembling of the sleepy leaves, and the chirring of the cicadas beyond the garden fence?

In the half-light, through the hilly groves we walked – the air was heavy with the scent of laurel; beyond the vineyard, the grotto beckoned darkly, and beneath the waterfall,

an overflowing pool resounded;

Pomnish, svezheye dykhanye, Zapakh rozy, govor strui – Vsei prirody obayanye, I nevolnoye sliyanye Ust v neozhidannyi potselui.

Eta muzyka prirody, Eta muzyka dushi Mne v inye, zlye gody, Posle bur i nepogody, Yasno slyshalas v teni.

Ya vnimal – i serdtse grelos S yuga veyushchim teplom, Legche verilos i pelos... Ya vnimal – i mne khotelos Etoi muzyki vo vsyom ... Do you recall the freshness of the air, the scent of roses, the babbling stream – nature's every charm, and the involuntary meeting of lips in an unexpected kiss?

This music of nature, this music of the soul – I heard it once, in other, vile days, after storms and tempests, I heard it clearly in the shadows.

I listened – and my heart was filled with the warmth that wafted from the south, it became easier to believe, easier to sing... I listened – and I wished that such music might be in everything...

Night in the mountains of Scotland Op. 33 No. 1 (1911) Yakov Polonsky

Spish li ty, brat moi? Uzh noch ostyla; V kholodnyi, Serebryanyi blesk Pogruzilis vershiny Gromadnykh Sineyushchikh gor. l tikho, i yasno, I slyshno, kak s gulom Katitsya v bezdnu Otorvannyi kamen. l vidno, kak khodit Pod oblakami Na otdalyonnom Golom utyose Dikii kozlyonok. Spish li ty, brat moi?

Gushche i gushche Stanovitsya tsvet polunochnogo neba, Yarche i yarche

Are you asleep, my brother? Night has cooled already; a cold, silvery sheen has enveloped the crests of the vast, blue mountains. And quietly, brightly, audibly, comes the rumble of a loose boulder as it tumbles into the abyss. and there, beneath the clouds. on the far-off bare cliff face, goes a little mountain goat. Are you asleep, my brother? Ever thicker, ever darker turns the colour of the midnight sky, brighter and brighter

Goryat planety. Grozno Sverkavet vo mrake Mech Oriona. Vstan. brat! lz zamka Nevidimoi lyutni Vozdushnoye penye Prinyos i unyos svezhii veter. Vstan, brat! Otvetnyi, Pronzitelno-rezkii Zvuk mednogo roga Trizhdy v gorakh razdavalsya, l trizhdy Orly prosypalis na gnyozdakh.

the planets burn. With menace, Orion's sword glints in the darkness. Arise, my brother! From the castle the aethereal song of an invisible lute was carried hither and thither by the fresh breeze. Arise, my brother! In reply, the piercing, penetrating sound of a brass horn came thrice from deep in the mountains, and thrice the eagles stirred in their nests.

Notturno Op. 17 No. 7 (1878, rev. 1905) Nikolay Shcherbina

Aromatnoi, vesenneyu nochyu Ya na nebo glyazhu nenaglyadno Kogda more, usnuvsheye nochyu Tak prekrasno, tak mirno otradno. Kogda slyshu, kak zlak prozyabayet I kak pyot on dykhanye nochi, Tebya serdtse moyo prizyvayet, Tebya vidit vo vsyom moi ochi.

Budto smotrish ty temi zvezdami, Budto dyshesh dykhanyem prirody, Rastsvetayesh nochnymi tsvetami, Naselyayesh i vozdukh i vody. Kogda slyshu vecherniye zvuki, Te, shto lyotsya, shto v vozdukhe tayut, I tainstvenno s schastiyem muki Is pokoyem trevogu meshayut,

'Tis a fragrant night in spring, ceaselessly, I gaze at the sky, and the sea, asleep by niaht. is so beautiful, so enchantingly at peace. When I hear the crops repose. drinking in the breath of night, my heart calls out to you, my eyes see you in everything. When you watch - 'tis as if the stars are watching, when you breathe - 'tis as if nature itself is breathing, you blossom like the flowers at night, the air and water are your realm. Whenever I hear sounds at eventide.

pouring forth and melting in the air, mysteriously blending suffering with joy, blending worry with peace, Togda kazhetsya, budto nezrimo

Ty ko mne izdalyoka nesyoshsya,

Budto, chuyu, promchalasya mimo.

Budto plamenem po serdtsu lyoshsya.

Shto rodnovo, skazhi mne, sokryto

V etoi nochi i v zvukakh s toboi,

l kakaya struna u nikh slita S moim serdtsem, s moyei sudboi. Then it seems that you, as if unseen, are heading towards me

from afar, I seem to sense you

rushing past me,

like a flame that fills my heart.

Tell me, what is so dear and hidden

in this night and in these sounds with you, and what is the string

that resonates with my heart, with my fate?

And the enemies shuddered Op. 26 No. 8 (1908)

Ellis, after José-Maria de Heredia

I drognuli vragi ot druzhnogo napora, Sred okrovavlennykh, istoptannykh polei Raznvossva groznvk klich likuyushchikh vozhdei, I grudy myortvykh tel, i shum poslednii spora... Schitaya vybyvshikh, kak myortvye listy, Soldaty gnevnyi vzor pechalno ustremlyayut Tuda, gde sonm strelkov Fraata ischezayet, Goryachii pot kropit ikh smuglye cherty. Osypan strelami i ranami pokrytyi I zharkoi krovyu s nog do golovy zalityi, V purpurnoi mantii, siyayushchei brone, Pod rokot trub s chelom nadmennym vyezhayet Antonii na svoyom izmuchennom kone... Bagrovym zarevom nebesnyi svod pylayet.

And the enemy shuddered from the dense onslaught, and amidst the bloodsoaked, trampled fields rang out the terrible crv of ecstatic leaders, and piles of dead bodies and the final sound of dispute... Counting up the fallen, like dead leaves, the soldiers sadly direct their angry gaze to where Phraates's host of archers disappears, their swarthy features smeared with hot sweat Arrowed-pierced and badly wounded, drenched in hot blood from head to toe, clad in his porphyry cloak and glittering armour, Mark-Anthony haughtily rides out to the blast of trumpets on his exhausted stead... The firmament above burns in crimson glow.

Please do not turn the page until the song and its accompaniment have ended.

Anatoly Alexandrov (1888-1982)

From the Alexandrian Songs of Mikhail Kuzmin (1915-29) Mikhail Kuzmin

The sun, divine Ra-Helios

Solntse, solntse.

Bozhestvennyi Ra-Gelios, Toboyu veselyatsya Serdtsa tsarei i geroev, Tebe rzhut svyashchennye koni, Tebe poyut gimny v Geliopole; Kogda v svetish, Yashcheritsy vypolzayut na kamni I malchiki udut so smekhom Kupatsya k Nilu. Solntse, solntse Ya - blednyi pisets, Bibliotechnyi zatvornik, No ya lyublyu tebya, solntse, ne menshe, Chem zagorelyi moryak, Pakhnushchii ryboi i solyonoi vodoi, I ne menshe, Chem evo privichnove serdtse Likuyet Pritsarstvennom tvoyom voskhode Iz okeana, Movo trepeshchet, Kodga tvoi pylnyi, no plamennyi luch Skolznyot Skvoz uzkoye okno u potolka Na izpisannyi list I moyu tonkuyu zheltovatuyu ruku, Vyvodyashchuyu kinovaryu Pervuyu bukvu gimna tebe, O Ra-Gelios solntse!

Sun. oh sun. divine Ra-Helios, it is you who delights the hearts of kings and heroes, it is you to whom sacred steeds neigh, it is you to whom hymns are sung in Heliopolis; when you shine, lizards crawl out onto the stones and boys head, laughing, to bathe in the Nile. Sun, oh sun, I am but a pale scribe, an anchorite in a library, yet I love you, oh sun, no less than the tanned sailor who smells of fish and salt water, and just as his accustomed heart rejoices at your majestic ascent from the ocean, so too does my heart tremble when your moted, fiery ray steals through the narrow window by the ceiling onto the closely written sheet and my slender, yellowish hand which traces in cinnabar the first letter of a hymn to you, oh Ra-Helios, the sun!

You are like a fortune teller

Ty – kak u gadatelya otrok: You are like a fortune teller's boy:

Vsyo v moyom serdtse chitayesh, Vse moi ugadyvayesh mysli, Vse moi dumy znayesh, No znanye tvoyo tut ne veliko I ne mnogo slov tut i nuzhno, Tut ne nado ni zerkala, ni zharovni: V moyom serdtse, myslyakh i dumakh Vsyo odno zvuchit raznymi

golosami: 'Lyublyu tenya, lyublyu tebya naveki!' you can read every secret of my heart, fathom my every thought,

- and know my deepest musings,
- Yet your knowledge is but slight
- and you have need of few words
- requiring neither mirror nor brazier:
- in my heart, my thoughts and my musings
- various voices repeat this one refrain:

When I leave the house in

'l love you, l love you for ever!'

When I leave the house in the morning

Kodga utrom vykhozhu iz doma, Ya dumayu, glyadya na solntse: 'Kak ono na tebya pokhozhe, Kogda ty kupayesh v rechke lli smotrish na dalniye ogorody!' l kogda smotryu ya v polden zharkii Nato zhe zhgucheye solntse, Ya dumayu pro tebya, moya radost: 'Kak ono na tebya pokhozhe, Kogda ty yedesh po ulitse lyudnoi!' l pri vzglyade na nezhnye zakaty Ty zhe mne na pamyat prikhodish, Kogda, poblednev ot lask, ty zasypayesh I zakryvayesh potemnevshkiye veki.

Ah, I am leaving Alexandria

Akh, pokidaya ya Aleksandriyu I dolgo videt yeyo ne budu!

Uvizhu Kipr, dorogoi Bogine,

the morning, I look up at the sun and think: 'How much it resembles you, bathing in the stream, or gazing at kitchen gardens in the distance!' And when, in the midday heat, I look at that very same scorching sun, I think of you, my joy: 'How much it resembles vou. when you ride down the crowded street!' And when I look upon tender sunsets, it is again to you that my memory turns, as you fall asleep, wan from our caresses, closing your dusky eyelids.

Ah, I am leaving Alexandria and will not see her again for a long time! I shall see Cyprus, so beloved of the Goddess, Uvizhu Tir, Yefes i Smirnu, Uvizhu Afiny – mechtu moyei yunosti, Korinf i dalyokuyu Vizantiyu I venets vsekh zhelanii, Tsel vsekh stremlenii – Uvizhu Rim velikii! – Vsyo ia uvizhu, no ne tebya!

Akh, pokidaya ya tebya, moya radost, I dolgo, dolgo tebya ne uvizhu! Raznuyu krasotu ya uvizhu, V raznye glaza nasmotryus, Raznye guby tselovat budu, Raznym kudryam dam svoi laski. I raznye imena ya sheptat budu V ozhidanyi svidanii v raznykh roshchakh. Vsyo ya uvizhu, no ne tebya!

Like a mother's song

Kak pesnya materi, Nad kolybelyu rebyonka, Ak gornoye ekho, Utrom na pastushii rozhok otozvavsheyesya, Kak dalyokii priboi Rodnovo, davno ne vidennovo morya Zvuchit mne imya tvoyo Trizhdy blazhennoye: Aleksandriya!

Kak preryvistyi shyopot Lyubovnykh pod dubami priznanii, Kak tainstvennyi shum Tenistykh roshch svyashchennykh, Kak tamburin Kibely velikoi,

I shall see Tyre, Ephesus and Smyrna, I shall see Athens – the dream of my youth, Corinth and far-off **Byzantium** and the crown of all desires. the object of every aspiration -I shall see Rome, the great city! I shall all this - but not you! Ah, I am leaving you, my iov. and shall not see you for a

long, long time! I shall see another type of beauty, lose myself in other eyes, kiss other lips, caress other curls, and whisper other names in expectation of encounters in other groves. I shall see all this – but not you!

Like a mother's song, sung over her child's crib, like a mountain echo, answering to the shepherd's pipe at dawn, like the distant swell of my native sea, so long unseen, so does your thrice blessed name sound to me: Alexandria!

Like the halting whisper of confessions of love exchanged beneath the oak trees, like the mysterious noise of the shady, sacred groves, like great Cybele's tambourine, Podobnyi dalnemu gromu i golubei vorkovanyu, Zvuchit mne imya tvoyo Trizhdy mudroye: Aleksandriya!

Kak zvuk truby pred boyem, Klyokot orlov nad bezdnoi, Shum krylyev letyashchei Niki, Zvuchit mne imya tvoyo Trizhdy velikoye: Aleksandriya! akin to distant thunder and the cooing of doves, so does your thrice wise name sound to me: Alexandria!

Like the sound of a trumpet before battle, the screech of eagles above the abyss, the noise of Nike's wings in flight, so does your thrice great name sound to me: Alexandria!

Samuil Feinberg (1890-1962)

The Upas tree Op. 16 No. 1 (1923) Alexander Pushkin

V pustyne chakhloi i skupoi, Na pochve, znoyem razkalyonnoi, Anchar, kak groznyi chasovoi, Stoit – odin vo vsei vselennoi.

Priroda zhazhdushchikh stepei Yevo v den gneva porodila, I zelen myortvuyu vetvei I korni yadom napoila.

Yad kaplet skvoz yevo koru, K poludnyu rastopyas ot znoyu,

I zastyvayet vvecheru Gustoi prozrachnuyu smoloyu.

K nemu i ptitsa ne letit, I tigr neidet: lish vikhor chyornyi Na drevo smerti nabezhit – I mchitsya proch, uzhe tletvornyi. In a desert, sickly, meagre, where the earth is baked to stone, there stands an upas tree, a stern sentry, alone in the universe.

Nature's thirsty steppes bore it on a day of wrath, watering its dead green foliage and roots with poison.

Through its bark the poison oozes, molten in the midday heat,

and as evening falls, it cools again, forming a thick, transparent seal.

No bird comes close, no tiger approaches: only a dark whirlwind descends upon the tree of death – then rushes off, leaving destruction in its wake.

Song continues overleaf. Please turn the page as quietly as possible.

l yesli tucha orosit, Bluzhdaya, list yevo dremuchii, S yevo vetvei, uzh yadovit, Stekayet dozhd v pesok goryuchii.

No cheloveka chelovek Poslal k ancharu vlastnym vzglyadom, I tot poshlushno v put potyok I k utru vozvratilsya s yadom.

Prinyos on smertnuyu smolu Da vetv s uvyadshimi listami, I pot po blednomu chelu Struilsya khladnymi ruchyami;

Prinyos – i oslabel i lyog Pod svodom shalasha na lyki,

l umer bednyi rab u nog Nepobedimovo vladyki.

A tsar tem yadom napital Svoi poslushlivye strely I s nimi gibel razoslal K sosedyam v chuzhdye predely. And should a cloud, passing by, happen to water its dozing leaves, then from its branches, poisoned rain will drip into the burning sands.

But once a man dispatched another to the upas tree with a forceful look, so obediently he set off,

returning the next morning with the poison.

Back he brought the fatal toxin, bearing it on a withered branch, and down his pale brow, ran cold rivulets of sweat;

He brought it back – then flagged and fell onto the bast bed inside his hut, and that poor slave died at the feet of his mighty master.

And in that poison, the king did steep his faithful arrows' tips, and on them, sent ruin to his neighbours in foreign realms.

Interval

Sergey Rachmaninov (1873-1943)

Oh no, I beg you, do not leave! Op. 4 No. 1 (1890-3) Dmitry Merezhkovsky

O, net, molyu, ne ukhodi!

Vsya bol nichto pered razlukoi, Oh no, I beg you, do not leave! This pain is slight compared to separation, Ya slishkom schastliv etoi mukoi, Silne prizhmi menya k grudi,

Skazhi lyublyu. Prishyol ya vnov, Bolnoi, izmuchennyi i blednyi. Smotri, kakoi ya slabyi, bednyi, Kak mne nuzhna tvoya lyubov...

Muchenii novykh vperedi Ya zhdu kak lasku, kak potseluya I ob odnom molyu, toskuya: O, bud so mnoi, ne ukhodi! I'm too happy in this state of torment, press me hard against your breast,

Say 'I love you'. I've come to you again, sick, tormented and pale. See how weak and pitiful I am, how much I need your love...

New torments lie ahead, I greet them like caresses, like kisses, and beg for one thing only in my agony, oh, stay with me, do not leave!

The isle Op. 14 No. 2 (1896) Konstantin Balmont, after Percy Bysshe Shelley

Iz morya smotrit ostrovok,

Evo zelyonye uklony Ukrasil trav gustykh venok, Fialki, anemony.

Nad nim spletayutsya listy, Vokrug nevo chut pleshchut volny. Derevya grustny, kak mechty, Kak statui, bezmolvny.

Zdes yele dyshit veterok, Syuda groza ne doletayet, I bezmyatezhnyi ostrovok Vsyo dremlet, zasypayet. At sea there lies a little isle, its slopes of green a carpet thick with grasses dense and lush, violets and anemones.

Leafy canopies spread above, waves lap lightly all around; tall stand the trees, sad as dreams, silent as statues.

A light breeze barely stirs the air, no storm can venture there, and in tranquillity the little isle dreams gently on, falling into sleep.

Georgy Catoire (1861-1926)

Mermaid's song Op. 11 No. 1 (pub. c.1901) Mikhail Lermontov

Dityo moye, ostansya zdes so mnoi,

Stay here with me, my child,

V vode privolnoye zhityo, I kholod, i pokoi.

Ya sovovu moikh sestyor: My plyaskoi krugovoi Razveselim tumannyi zvor I dukh ustalyi tvoi.

Usni! Postel tvoya myagka, Prozrachen tvoi pokrov; Proidut goda, proidut veka Pod govor chudnykh snov.

O milyi moi! Ne utayu, Shto ya tebya lyublyu! Lyublyu kak volnuyu struyu!

Lyublyu kak zhizn moyu...

Sergey Rachmaninov

Daisies Op. 38 No. 3 (1916) Igor Severyanin

O, posmotri, kak mnogo margaritok I tam, i tut, Oni tsvetut; ikh mnogo; ikh izbytok. Oni tsvetut.

Ikh lepestki tryokhgrannye – kak krylya, Kak belyi shyolk... V nikh – leta moshch! V nikh – radost izobilya! V nikh sletlyi polk.

Gotov, zemlya, tsvetam iz ros napitok, Dai sok steblyu... O, devushki, o, zvyozdi margaritok, Ya vas lyublyu! we live our life in freedom here, in waters cool and calm.

l shall summon my sisters: our round dance will dispel your gloomy gaze and divert your tired soul.

Sleep! Your bed is soft, your sheets are light; the years, the ages will pass by in wondrous dreams.

Oh my darling! I will not deny that I love you so! I love you like the current free, I love you as my life itself...

O, look! how many are the daisies here, and over there... they are in flower, so many; an abundance; and all in flower.

Their three-edged petals are like wings, like white silk. They have the power of summer, the joy of abundance, they're a shining army.

Earth, fix the flowers a drink of dew, give the stems juice ... O girls, oh starry daisies,

I love you!

Nikolay Tcherepnin (1873-1945)

Twilight Op. 16 No. 4 (pub. 1903) Fyodor Tyutchev

Teni sizye smesilis Tsvet poblyoknul, zvuk usnul – Zhizn, dvizhenye razreshilis V sumrak zybkii, v dalnyi gul. Motylka polyot nezrimyi Slyshen v vozdukhe nochnom... Chas toski nevyrazimoi!.. Vsyo vo mne, i ya vo vsyom!..

Sumrak tikhii, sumrak sonnyi,

Leisya v glub moyei dushi, Tikhii, tyomnyi, blagovonnyi, Vyso zalei i utishi. Chuvstva mgloi samozabvenya Perepolni cherez krai!..

Dai vkusit unichtozhenya

S mirom dremlyushchim smeshai!

Sergey Rachmaninov

All was taken from me Op. 26 No. 2 (1906) Fyodor Tyutchev

Vsyo otnyal u menya kaznyashchii Bog: Zdorovye, silu, voli, vozdukh, son. Odnu tebya pri mne ostavil On, Chtob ya Yemu yeshchyo molitsya mog.

mingle, colour fades, sound falls silent life and motion melt away into twilight, frail and distant murmurs. Invisible, a moth passes through the nighttime air... Oh hour of inexpressible longing!.. Everything is in me and I am in everything!.. Silent twilight, twilight sleepy, oh pour into the depths of my soul, silent, dark, and sweetly fragrant, course through me and bring me peace. Overwhelm my world of feelings with the gloom of

The blueish shades

oblivion!.. Let me savour my extinction, dissolve me with the world that sleeps!

Chastising God has taken everything away from me: health, willpower, breath, sleep. You alone are all that He has left me, that I might still find strength to pray to Him.

Please do not turn the page until the song and its accompaniment have ended.

Many are the sounds Op. 26 No. 1 (1906) Aleksey Konstantinovich Tolstoy

Yest mnogo zvukov v serdtsa glubiny Neyasnykh dum, nepetykh pesnei mnogo; No zaglushayet vechno ikh vo mne Zabot nemolchnykh skuchnaya trevoga.

Tyazhel yeyo neproshennyi napor, Izdavna serdtse s zhizniyu borolos, No zhizn shumit, kak vikhor lomit bor, Kak ropot strui, tak shepchet serdtsa golos Many are the sounds deep in the heart, thoughts never formed, songs unsung; but they are muted and lost within by incessant cares and tedious anxiety.

This unwelcome pressure weighs heavily,

my heart is in a struggle with life, but life roars like a gale that breaks tall pines, while, like streams that murmur softly, the heart's voice whispers

low.

How painful for me Op. 21 No. 12 (1902) Glafira Galina

Kak mne bolno, kak khochetsa zhit... Kak svezha i dushysta vesna! Net! ne v silakh ya serdtse ubit V etu noch golubuyu bez sna.

Khot by starost prishla poskorei, Khot by inei v kudryakh zablestel, Shtob ne pel dlya menya

solovei. Shtoby les dlya menya ne shumel.

Shtoby pesn ne rvalas iz dushy Skvoz sireni v shyrokuyu dal, Shtoby ne byla v etoi tishy Mne chevo-to muchitelno zhal! How painful for me, how I yearn to live ... how fresh and fragrant is spring! No! I can't silence my heart on this pale blue sleepless night.

- If only age would come quickly, thread my curls with silver frost, make me deaf to the nightingale singing.
- to the sounds of the forest murmuring.
- So no song would burst from my soul through lilacs to the wide horizon, so there would not be, in the hushed stillness, this excruciating feeling of sorrow!

The muse Op. 34 No. 1 (1912) Alexander Pushkin

V mladenchestve moyom ona menya lyubila I semistvolnuyu tsevnitsu mne vruchila; Ona vnimala mne s ulybkoi i slekhka Po zvonkim skvazhinam pustova trostnika Uzhe naigryval ya slabymi perstami I gimny vazhnye, vnushyonnye bogami, I pesni mirnye frigiiskikh pastukhov. S utra di vechera v nemoi teni dubov Prilezhno ya vnimal urokam devy tainoi, l, raduya menya nagradoyu sluchainoi, Otkinuv lokony ot milovo chela. Sama iz ruk moikh svirel ona brala. Trostnik byl ozhyvlyon bozhestvennym dykhanyem I serdtse napolnyal svyatym

l serdtse napolnyal svyatym ocharovanyem. She favoured me from my early childhood, handing me the sevenreeded panpipes; she listened with a smile, as haltingly along resonant openings in the hollow reeds I improvised with unskilled fingers solemn hymns, inspired by the gods, and peaceful songs of Phrygian shepherds.

moi From dawn to dusk in the silent shade of oaks rokam I heeded eagerly the lessons of the mysterious maiden, adoyu and, gladdening me with an occasional reward, ovo tossing her locks back from her dear brow, she would take the flute from my hands into her

from my hands into her own. Then the reeds would come alive with her

divine breath and fill my heart with sacred enchantment.

To the children Op. 26 No. 7 (1906) Aleksey Khomyakov

Byvalo, v glubokii polunochnyi chas, Malyutki, pridu lyubovatsya na vas; Byvalo, lyublyu vas krestom znamenat, Molitsya, da budet na vas blagodat, Lyubov Vsederzhitelya Boga.

Sterech umilenno vash detskii pokoi, Podumat, o tom, kak vy chisty dushoi, Nadeyatsya dolgikh i schastlivykh dnei Time was when I loved at a late midnight hour, to see you asleep in your room, little children, my joy was to bless you with the sign of the cross, and to pray that peace and grace be upon you, and the love of Almighty God.

To keep watch over your childish rest, to think how pure you are in soul,

to hope for long and happy days

Dlya vas, bezzabotnykh i milykh detei, Kak sladko, kak radostno bylo!

Teper prikhozhu ya: vezde temnota, Net v komnate zhizni, krovatka pusta, V lampade pogas pred ikonoyu svet... Mne grustno, malyutok moikh uzhe net!

l serdtse tak bolno sozhmyotsya!

O, deti! V glubokii polunochnyi chas, Molites o tom, kto molilsya o vas, O tom, kto lyubil vas krestom znamenat; Molites, da budet i s nim blagodat', Lyubov' Vsederzhitelya Boga. for you, my carefree, beloved children. How sweet and how joyous it was!

Now when I come it's dark all around, there's no life in your room, the little bed is empty; the light in the icon lamp has gone out... I am sad, my little ones are no more! My heart is crushed so painfully!

Oh, children! At this late midnight hour, pray for him who prayed for you,

whose joy was to bless you with the sign of the cross; pray that all blessings be

upon him too, and the love of Almighty God.

Georgy Catoire

You are the rustling of a tender leaf Op. 32

No. 2 (pub. 1924) Konstantin Balmont

Ty – shelest nezhnogo listka Ty – veter, shepchushchii ukradkoi, Ty – svet, brosayemyi lampadkoi, Gde brezzhit sladkaya toska.

Mne chuditsya, shto ya kogda-to Tebya vidal, s toboyu byl,

Kogda ya serdtsem to lyubil,

K chemu mne bolshe net vozvrata.

You are the rustling of a tender leaf, you are the secret whispering of the wind, you are the light cast by a lamp, where sweet melancholy glimmers. It seems as though I have

seen you once before, that I was with you, when with my heart I loved that to which I can no longer return.

Sergey Rachmaninov

Twilight Op. 21 No. 3 (1902)

Jean-Marie Guyau, trans. Ivan Tkhorzhevsky

Ona zadumalas. Odna pered oknom,

Sklanyas, ona sidít i v sumrake nochnom Mertsayet dolgii vzor; i v sineve bezbrezhnoi

Temneyushchikh nebss ronyaya luch svoi nezhnyi, Voskhodyat zvyozdochki besshumnoyu tolpoi; I kazhetsya, shto tam kakoita svetlyi roi Tainstvenna parít, i,

slovna voskhishchyonnyi, Trepeshchet nad yeyo

golovkoyu sklonyonnyi.

She's lost in thought. Alone, before the window. she sits, her head inclined, and in the evening twilight a long gaze radiates from her eyes; and in the boundless blue of the darkening sky, sending down tender rays of light, little stars come out in a silent throng; and it seems some kind of bright swarm

soars there mysteriously, and, in heightened excitement,

trembles high above her lowered head.

All things pass Op. 26 No. 15 (1906) Daniil Rathaus

Prokhodit vsyo, i net k nemu vozvrata. Zhizn mchitsya vdal, mgnoveniya bystrei. Gde zvuki slov, zvuchavshikh nam kogda-to?

Gde svet zari nas ozaryavshikh dnei?

Rastsvyol tsvetok, a zavtra on uvyanet. Gorit ogon, shtob vskore otgoret... Idyot volna, nad nei drugaya vstanet... Ya ne mogu vesyolykh pesen pet! All things depart, never to return. Life speeds away faster than an instant. Where are the sounds of words we once heard? Where is the light of dawn

Where is the light of dawn that lit our days?

The flower blooms, tomorrow it will fade, the flame burns bright but soon burns out... As one wave rises up another overtakes it...

l can sing no happy songs!

Please do not turn the page until the song and its accompaniment have ended.

Spring waters Op. 14 No. 11 (1896)

Fyodor Tyutchev

Yeshchyo v polyakh beleyet sneg, A vody uzh vesnoi shumyat, Begut i budyat sonnyi breg, Begut i bleshchut, i glasyat.

Oni glasyat vo vse kontsy: 'Vesna idyot! Vesna idyot! My molodoi vesny gontsy, Ona nas vyslala vperyod.

Vesna idyot! Vesna idyot!' I tikhikh, tyoplykh maiskikh dnei Rumyanyi, svetyi khorovod Tolpitsya veselo za nei. The fields are still white with snow, but already the waters are proclaiming spring, running along and waking sleepy riverbanks, running and glittering and declaring. They declare in all directions: 'Spring is coming! Spring is coming! We are the heralds of young spring, she sent us in advance. Spring is coming! Spring is coming!'

And the still, warm days of May in a rosy, bright circledance, crowd together and gaily follow behind.

All translations except where indicated by Philip Ross Bullock. 'The origin of the harp' by Thomas Moore. Rachmaninov by Richard D Sylvester from Rachmaninoff's Complete Songs: A Companion with Texts and Translations published by Indiana University Press.