

Monday 18 March 2024 1.00pm

Masabane Cecilia Rangwanasha soprano Simon Lepper piano Anna Blackmur violin

Richard Wagner (1813-1883) From Wesendonck Lieder (1857-8)

Stehe still! • Schmerzen

Richard Strauss (1864-1949) Morgen Op. 27 No. 4 (1894)

Rückert Lieder (1901-2) **Gustav Mahler** (1860-1911)

> Blicke mir nicht in die Lieder • Ich atmet' einen linden Duft • Um Mitternacht • Liebst du um Schönheit • Ich bin der Welt

abhanden gekommen

Stephanus Le Roux Marais (1896-1979) Heimwee (pub. 1930)

Trad/South African Lala ho nna

May Brahe (1884-1956) Bless This House (1927)

Alma Bazel Androzzo (1912-2001) If I can help somebody (1946)

Traditional **Amazing Grace**

Richard Rodgers (1902-1979) Climb Ev'ry Mountain from The Sound of Music (1959)



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The revolutionary-minded Wagner, who was court composer in Dresden at the time, had to get out of Germany in a hurry in 1849 following his activities during the May Uprising. His part in this consisted of making grenades, manning the barricades and writing revolutionary articles in the Volksblätter inciting people to revolt. He fled to Switzerland, where in 1852 while living in Zurich he met Otto Wesendonck, a wealthy silk merchant, who offered to support Wagner financially and even make a cottage on his estate available to him to live in. The following year Wagner began an affair with Otto's wife Mathilde, then aged 23. He wrote his five Wesendonck-Lieder, setting her poetry, in 1857-8, shortly before this affair came to an abrupt end when his wife Minna intercepted one of his love-letters to Mathilde. A confrontation followed, after which Wagner left Zurich alone for Venice. In a letter to Mathilde dated 9 October 1858 he wrote: 'I have never done anything better than these songs, and few of my works will bear comparison with them'.

'Morgen' comes from **Richard Strauss**'s 4 Lieder Op. 27, written as a wedding present to his wife, the soprano Pauline de Ahna, in 1894. The poem is by John Henry Mackay, who was born in Greenock in Scotland to a German mother and a Scottish father. His father died before John was 2 years old, and mother and child moved to Germany. He became a campaigner for gay rights, though that terminology was not in use at that time. Writing under the pseudonym Sagitta, his works include Die Bücher der Namenlosen Liebe ('Books of the Nameless Love'), which were issued twice a year from 1905 to 1913, available by subscription only. Strauss knew Mackay personally, so it is inconceivable that he was unaware of Mackay's work. 'Morgen' expresses the hope of a future world in which everyone, regardless of their sexual orientation, can live in happiness, free from bigotry and discrimination, and be fully accepted for who they are.

Four of **Mahler**'s five *Rückert Lieder* were written in the summer of 1901 while he was recuperating from a near-fatal haemorrhage. A fifth song, 'Liebst du um Schönheit', was written the following year and, like Strauss's 'Morgen' eight years previously, was presented as a gift to the composer's new wife, Alma Schindler. All the songs exist in both piano and orchestral versions, but because of its more intimate and personal nature, Mahler did not orchestrate 'Liebst du um Schönheit'. Friedrich Rückert was fluent in over 30 languages; he worked as a journalist and translator and was Professor of Oriental Languages at the University of Erlangen and later at the University of Berlin.

Two South African songs follow. 'Heimwee' is by **Stephanus Le Roux Marais**, who studied at the South African College of Music in Cape Town and then at

the Royal College of Music in London. He is seen as a pioneer of Afrikaans art song. The poem is by Jan Reinder Leonard van Bruggen, who was born in Johannesburg in 1895 shortly after his parents emigrated to South Africa from Holland. In his 20s he went to study in Europe, but soon returned to South Africa. He wrote, 'I was not happy [in Amsterdam]. It is always a mystery to me that I, who is a descendant of Dutch parents, could never live in Holland. The dripping winter air descending low over houses, streets and canals, the caged feeling that rows and rows of similar four-five-story houses make on one, and its lack of vistas and sun... It was during this period that I wrote my poem *Heimwee*'.

'Lala ho nna' is a traditional song expressing faith in God. It is in the Sotho language, which is one of the official languages of South Africa, and is the main language spoken in the landlocked kingdom of Lesotho, which is entirely surrounded by South Africa.

We end this afternoon's recital with four more songs of devotion. May Brahe (née Dickson) was born in 1884 in Melbourne, Australia. She worked as a piano accompanist and married her first husband Frederick Brahe at the age of 19. Nine years later she came to London, where she began to write songs some under her married name, others under a series of male pseudonyms as many publishers would not issue her songs under a woman's name. 'Bless This House' was written when she was 43 and became by far the most popular of her nearly 400 published songs, the royalties of which enabled her to live in comfortable retirement back in Australia from the age of 55.

Alma Bazel Androzzo was a Black American pianist and composer, born in Tennessee in 1912. 'If I can help somebody' was written when she was 33 for the National Tuberculosis Society of America and has been recorded by numerous artists ranging from Gracie Fields to Sir Bryn Terfel.

'Amazing Grace' is the earliest published item in this programme. The words were written in 1772 by the English poet John Newton, who worked in the slave trade for nine years as captain of a series of slave ships, before converting to Christianity and campaigning for the abolition of the slave trade. He was ordained into the Church of England in 1764 and lived to see his life's goal of abolition in 1807, a few months before his death.

'Climb Ev'ry Mountain' is from the 1959 **Rodgers** and Hammerstein musical *The Sound of Music*, where it is sung by the Mother Abbess at the end of Act I. Like Strauss's 'Morgen', this is a song of hope for the future.

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Richard Wagner (1813-1883)

From Wesendonck Lieder (1857-8)

Mathilde Wesendonck

Stehe still!

Sausendes, brausendes Rad der Zeit.

Messer du der Ewigkeit; Leuchtende Sphären im weiten All.

Die ihr umringt den Weltenball;

Urewige Schöpfung, halte doch ein,

Genug des Werdens, lass mich sein!

Halte an dich, zeugende Kraft,

Urgedanke, der ewig schafft!

Hemmet den Atem, stillet den Drang,

Schweigend nur eine Sekunde lang!

Schwellende Pulse, fesselt den Schlag;

Ende, des Wollens ew'ger Tag!

Dass in selig süssem Vergessen

Ich mög alle Wonne ermessen!

Wenn Auge in Auge wonnig trinken,

Seele ganz in Seele versinken;

Wesen in Wesen sich wiederfindet,

Und alles Hoffens Ende sich kündet,

Die Lippe verstummt in staunendem Schweigen,

Keinen Wunsch mehr will das Innre zeugen:

Erkennt der Mensch des Ew'gen Spur,

Und löst dein Rätsel, heil'ge Natur!

Stand still!

Rushing, roaring wheel of

time. you that measure eternity; gleaming spheres in the

you that surround our earthly sphere;

eternal creation - cease:

vast universe.

enough of becoming, let me be!

Hold yourselves back, generative powers,

Primal Thought, that always creates!

Stop your breath, still your urge,

be silent for a single moment!

Swelling pulses, restrain your beating;

eternal day of the Will end!

That in blessed, sweet oblivion

I might measure all my bliss!

When eye gazes blissfully into eye,

when soul drowns utterly in soul;

when being finds itself in being,

and the goal of every hope is near,

when lips are mute in silent wonder,

when the soul wishes for nothing more:

then man perceives Eternity's footprint, and solves your riddle,

holy Nature!

Schmerzen

Sonne, weinest jeden

Abend

Dir die schönen

Augen rot, Wenn im Meeresspiegel badend

Dich erreicht der frühe Tod;

Doch erstehst in

alter Pracht, Glorie der düstren Welt, Du am Morgen neu

erwacht,

Wie ein stolzer Siegesheld!

Ach, wie sollte ich da klagen, Wie, mein Herz, so schwer

dich sehn,

Muss die Sonne selbst

verzagen,

Muss die Sonne untergehn?

Und gebieret Tod nur Leben,

Geben Schmerzen Wonne nur:

O wie dank ich, dass

gegeben

Solche Schmerzen mir Natur!

Agonies

Every evening, sun, you

redden

your lovely eyes with

weeping,

when, bathing in the sea, you die an early death;

Yet you rise in your old splendour,

the glory of the dark world,

when you wake in the morning

as a proud and conquering hero!

Ah, why should I complain, why should I see you, my heart, so depressed,

if the sun itself must despair,

if the sun itself must set?

If only death gives birth to

if only agony brings bliss:

oh how I give thanks to

Nature

for giving me such agony!

Richard Strauss (1864-1949)

Morgen Op. 27 No. 4

(1894)

John Henry Mackay

Tomorrow!

Und morgen wird die Sonne wieder scheinen

Und auf dem Wege, den ich gehen werde,

Wird uns, die Glücklichen, sie wieder einen,

Inmitten dieser

sonnenatmenden Erde ...

Und zu dem Strand, dem weiten, wogenblauen,

Werden wir still und langsam niedersteigen,

Augen schauen,

Und auf uns sinkt des

Glückes stummes

Schweigen ...

Stumm werden wir uns in die

And tomorrow the sun will shine again and on the path that I shall take,

it will unite us, happy ones, again, amid this same sun-

And to the shore, broad, blue-waved,

breathing earth ...

we shall quietly and slowly descend,

speechless we shall gaze into each other's eyes,

and the speechless silence of bliss shall fall

on us ...

Please do not turn the page until the song and its accompaniment have ended.

Gustav Mahler (1860-1911)

From Rückert Lieder (1901-2)

Friedrich Rückert

Blicke mir nicht in die Lieder

Do not look into my songs!

Blicke mir nicht in die Lieder! Meine Augen schlag' ich nieder, Wie ertappt auf böser Tat; Selber darf ich nicht getrauen, Ihrem Wachsen zuzuschauen: Deine Neugier ist Verrat! Do not look into my songs! I lower my gaze, as if caught in the act; I cannot even dare to watch them growing: your curiosity is treason!

Bienen, wenn sie Zellen bauen, Lassen auch nicht zu sich schauen, Schauen selbst auch nicht zu. Wenn die reichen Honigwaben Sie zu Tag befördert

haben,

Bees, when they build cells,
let no one watch either,
and do not even watch themselves.
When the rich honeycombs
have been brought to daylight,
you shall be the first to taste!

Ich atmet' einen linden Duft

Dann vor allen nasche du!

I breathed a gentle fragrance

Ich atmet' einen linden Duft. Im Zimmer stand Ein Zweig der Linde, Ein Angebinde Von lieber Hand; Wie lieblich war der Lindenduft! I breathed a gentle fragrance.
In the room stood a spray of lime, a gift from a dear hand; how lovely the fragrance of lime was!

Wie lieblich ist der Lindenduft! Das Lindenreis Brachst du gelinde; Ich atme leis Im Duft der Linde Der Liebe linden Duft. How lovely the fragrance of lime is!
The spray of lime was gently plucked by you; softly I breathe in the fragrance of lime the gentle fragrance of love.

Um Mitternacht

Um Mitternacht hab' ich gewacht Und aufgeblickt zum Himmel; Kein Stern vom Sterngewimmel Hat mir gelacht um

Mitternacht.

and looked up to heaven; not a star in the galaxy smiled on me at midnight.

At midnight

At midnight I kept

watch

Um Mitternacht hab' ich gedacht Hinaus in dunkle Schranken Es hat kein Lichtgedanken Mir Trost gebracht um Mitternacht. At midnight my thoughts went out to the dark reaches of space; no shining thought brought me comfort at midnight.

Um Mitternacht nahm ich in acht Die Schläge meines Herzens Ein einz'ger Puls des Schmerzens War angefacht um Mitternacht. At midnight I paid heed to the beating of my heart; a single pulse of pain was set alight at midnight.

die Schlacht, O Menschheit, deiner Leiden; Nicht konnt' ich sie

entscheiden

Mitternacht.

Mit meiner Macht um

Um Mitternacht kämpft' ich

fight,
O Mankind, of your
afflictions;
I could not gain
victory
by my own strength at
midnight.

At midnight I fought the

Um Mitternacht hab' ich die Macht In deine Hand gegeben: Herr über Tod und Leben, Du hältst die Wacht um Mitternacht.

At midnight I gave my strength into Thy hands: Lord over life and death, thou keepest watch at midnight.

Liebst du um Schönheit

Liebst du um Schönheit, O nicht mich liebe! Liebe die Sonne, Sie trägt ein goldnes Haar.

Liebst du um Jugend, O nicht mich liebe! Liebe den Frühling, Der jung ist jedes Jahr.

Liebst du um Schätze, O nicht mich liebe! Liebe die Meerfrau, Sie hat viel Perlen klar.

Liebst du um Liebe, O ja mich liebe! Liebe mich immer, Dich lieb' ich immerdar.

Ich bin der Welt abhanden gekommen

Ich bin der Welt abhanden gekommen, Mit der ich sonst viele Zeit verdorben. Sie hat so lange nichts von mir vernommen, Sie mag wohl glauben, ich sei gestorben.

Es ist mir auch gar nichts daran gelegen,
Ob sie mich für gestorben hält.
Ich kann auch gar nichts sagen dagegen,
Denn wirklich bin ich gestorben der Welt.

Ich bin gestorben dem Weltgetümmel, Und ruh' in einem stillen Gebiet. Ich leb' allein in meinem Himmel, In meinem Lieben, in meinem Lied.

If you love for beauty

If you love for beauty, O love not me! Love the sun, she has golden hair.

If you love for youth,
O love not me!
Love the spring
which is young each year.

If you love for riches, O love not me! Love the mermaid who has many shining pearls.

If you love for love, ah yes, love me! Love me always, I shall love you ever more.

I am lost to the world

I am lost to the world with which I used to waste much time; it has for so long heard nothing of me, it may well believe that I am dead.

Nor am I at all concerned if it should think me dead.

Nor can I deny it, for truly I am dead to the world.

I am dead to the world's tumult and rest in a quiet realm.
I live alone in my heaven, in my loving, in my song.

Stephanus Le Roux Marais (1896-1979)

Heimwee (pub. 1930) Jan Reinder Leonard van Bruggen Homesick

My hart verlang na die stilte Van die wye wuiwende veld, Ver van die stadsgeluide En die klinkende klank van geld.

Ek is moeg vir die rus'lose lewe Van mense wat kom en gaan,

'K Wil terug na die vrye ruimtes, Waar 'n siel in woon wat verstaan.

O, 'k sien weer die son op die velde

En die ewige blou lug bo, En my hart skiet vol van

heimwee, Wat drome bring in my oë.

O, ek sien weer die ylblou berge, Dààr vèr aan die westerkim, En 'k wonder nie meer waarom weemoed So seer uit my liedere

Klim na die grys lug bo my,

klim;

Waar die son in die miste kwyn, Want o, ek verlang na die velde,

Na die ewige sonneskyn.

My heart longs for the silence of the wide waving field, far from the city noises and the ringing sound of money.

I am tired of the restless life of people who come and go, I want to go back to the free spaces,

where a soul lives that understands.

Oh, I see the sun on the fields again and the eternal blue sky above, and my heart is full of

homesickness, which brings dreams to my eyes.

Oh, I see the rare blue mountains again, over there to the west, and I no longer wonder why melancholy so hurt, climbs out of my songs;

Climb to the gray sky above me,

where the sun fades into the mists,

why oh, I long for the fields,

for the eternal sunshine.

Please do not turn the page until the song and its accompaniment have ended.

Trad/South African

Lala ho nna

Traditional

Abide with me

Lala ho nna Shoalane e oele

Merithi ya boshego ke Uena

Ba neng ba nthusa, ba tsamaile

Uena Morena, tlo lala ho nna

Henry Francis Lyte

Abide with me, fast falls the eventide, the darkness deepens Lord, with me abide. When other helpers fail and comforts flee, help of the helpless, oh,

abide with me.

May Brahe (1884-1956)

Bless This House (1927)

Helen Taylor

Bless this house, O Lord we pray, Make it safe by night and day; Bless these walls, so firm and stout, Keeping want and trouble out; Bless the roof and chimneys tall, Let Thy peace lie over all; Bless this door, that it may prove Ever open to joy and love.

Bless these windows shining bright, Letting in God's heav'nly light; Bless the hearth a-blazing there, With smoke ascending like a prayer. Bless the folk who dwell within; Keep them pure and free from sin. Bless us all that we may be Fit, O Lord, to dwell with Thee.

Bless us all that one day we May dwell, O Lord, with thee.

Alma Bazel Androzzo (1912-2001)

If I can help somebody (1946)

Alma Bazel Androzzo

If I can help somebody, as I pass along, If I can cheer somebody, with a word or song, If I can show somebody, that he's travelling wrong, Then my living shall not be in vain. If I can do my duty, as a good man ought, If I can bring back beauty, to a world up wrought, If I can spread love's message, as the Master taught, Then my living shall not be in vain.

Traditional

Amazing Grace

John Newton

Amazing grace!
How sweet the sound,
That saved a wretch like me.
I once was lost, but now am found,
Was blind, but now I see.

Twas grace that taught
My heart to fear,
And grace my fears relieved.
How precious did that grace appear
The hour I first believed.

The Lord has promised good to me His word my hope secures; He will my shield and portion be As long as life endures.

Richard Rodgers (1902-1979)

The Sound of Music (1959)

Oscar Hammerstein II

Climb Ev'ry Mountain (1959)

Climb ev'ry mountain, Search high and low...

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