WIGMORE HALL

Composer in Residence is supported by Art Mentor Foundation Lucerne

Caroline Shaw composer, singer

Kamus String Quartet

Terhi Paldanius violin Jukka Untamala violin Jussi Tuhkanen viola Petja Kainulainen cello

Caroline Shaw (b.1982) Moss from The Evergreen (2020)

Josquin des Prez (c.1450-1521) Nymphes des bois

Caroline Shaw Cant voi l'aube (2016)

Stem from The Evergreen

Alessandro Scarlatti (1660-1725) Sonata a quattro No. 1 in F minor (pub. c. 1740)

I. Grave • II. Allegro • III. Larghetto • IV. Allemanda

Caroline Shaw Entr'acte (2011)

Will there be any Stars in my Crown from By and By (2010)

Interval

Ludwig van Beethoven (1770-1827) La Malinconia. Adagio – Allegretto quasi Allegro from

String Quartet No. 6 in B flat Op. 18 No. 6 (1798-1800)

Caroline Shaw Blueprint (2016)

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Other Song (2020)

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Prominent among the third generation of New York minimalists, **Caroline Shaw** is not only a composer but also a violinist/violist and singer, which must partly explain her frequent recourse to the two genres represented this evening: string quartet and song. The general interests she brings to bear on her music range from the arboreal to the architectural, the former written into her most recent quartet, *The Evergreen*, which we visit in stages.

She has recalled how the work came about: 'One day in January 2020, I took a walk in an evergreen forest on Swiikw (Galiano Island), British Columbia, Canada. I found myself slowing down. Eventually I stopped moving altogether.

'The Evergreen is my offering to one particular tree in that forest. This tree is towering, craggy, warped and knotted, wrapped in soft green. To be honest, I'm not entirely sure that it's still alive, or that it's not actually an ancient deciduous tree that has tacitly agreed to be covered in moss. But still, it feels like an evergreen friend, and so I wrote some music for it for the soft moss that covers it, for its strong stem that reaches up, for the gentle chaos of dripping water that surrounds it, and for the roots below, ever seeking and nourishing and building.' Here the composer sketches the four movements of the quartet she wrote later the same year. Its first movement. Moss. comes out of nowhere and reveals itself in shivering repetitions, mossy. A strong theme emerges, and the music vanishes again into the upper air and silence.

The woodland theme continues a little, however, into the first song, 'Nymphes des bois', Josquin des Prez's lament on the death, in 1497, of Johannes Ockeghem, who may have taught him and certainly influenced him. In five parts, the lament allows performance by solo voice and string quartet. Like many polyphonic compositions of its period and later, it is in two sections, of which the first honours the departed composer in imitating his interweaving of voices that are melodically unalike and sombre, not bright and similar, as in Josquin's style. In the second section Josquin places himself among other composers mourning the master: Antoine Brumel, Pierre de la Rue and Loyset Compère. Going back a further three centuries, 'Cant voi l'aube' has words attributed to Gace Brulé, a musician-poet from around 1200, whose original setting has not survived. The text belongs to a medieval type: the morning song, voiced by one or other of a pair of illicit lovers who at daybreak must separate. 'I decided', Shaw notes of her 2016 resetting, 'to carve out a new song with a more modern contour.' We return to The Evergreen for Stem, where slides and twists around a unison (the seed?) burst into strength.

Then we go back again, just three centuries this time, to a page from the early history of the string quartet: the first of four sonatas **Alessandro Scarlatti**

produced, probably in his last decade. Heard in this context, we might find that the senior Scarlatti's slow introduction bends and grows as much as *Stem*. Following the form of a church sonata, in four short movements, the work goes on to a nimble fugue, a slow movement contemplating a short theme, and a courtly dance.

Caroline Shaw takes over again with an early quartet of hers, *Entr'acte* (2011), a single movement playing for 11 minutes. It takes a little further the change-andreturn routine of the classical minuet and trio (Shaw was thinking in particular of Haydn's Op. 77 quartets), music that 'suddenly takes you to the other side of Alice's looking glass, in a kind of absurd, subtle, technicolor transition'. After this comes another song, from the cycle *By and By* (2010), in which Shaw resets a Baptist hymn (melody by John Robson Sweeney, words by Eliza Edmunds Hewitt): 'Will there be any Stars in my Crown?'

The second half begins with **Beethoven**: the finale from his Op. 18 No. 6 quartet, chosen for a reason that will emerge. Headed 'Melancholy', the movement opens with searching chromatic music, out of which spins a dance. However, this does not go on as a conventional allegro emerging from a slow introduction, for the slow music is recalled more than once, as the question to which the dance both is and is not the answer. In its oddity, and at the same time its directness, the music foreshadows what was to come a quarter-century later, in the quartets of the composer's last years. Here the movement is partnered with a Shaw piece of comparable length, Blueprint (2016), which, to continue in her words, 'takes its title from the beautiful blue woodblock printing tradition of Japan as well as from the familiar standard architectural representation of a proposed structure.

'The piece began its life as a harmonic reduction - a kind of floor plan - of Beethoven's Op. 18 No. 6, which, as a violinist and violist, I have played many times. Chamber music is ultimately about conversation without words. Blueprint is also a conversation - with Beethoven, with Haydn (his teacher and the 'father' of the string quartet), and with the joys and malinconia of his Op. 18 No. 6.' The Kamus then completes The Evergreen with Water, dripping at increasing speed, and Root, which of course the cello finds, to introduce what is the work's longest movement. Songs punctuate. In 'And So' (2018), the last of three numbers commissioned by Anne Sofie von Otter, Shaw riffs on Gertrude Stein's riff on Robert Burns and adds touches from Billy Joel's song 'And So it Goes'. 'Other Song' (2020) is a song that seems to be singing about itself. But also so much else.

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Caroline Shaw (b.1982)

Moss from The Evergreen (2020)

Josquin des Prez (c.1450-1521)

Nymphes des bois

Jean Molinet

Nymphs of the woods

Nymphes des bois, déesses des fontaines,

Chantres expers de toutes nations,

Changez voz voix fort clères et haultaines

En cris tranchantz et lamentations. Car d'Atropos tres

terrible satrape Vostr'Okeghem a trape en sa

trape,

Le vray trésoir de musique'et chief d'œuvre,

(Qui de trépas désormais plus n'eschappe,)

Dont grant doumaige'est que la terre coœvre.

Acoutrez vous d'abitz de deuil,

Josquin, Perchon,

Brumel, Compère, Et plorez grosses

larmes d'œil; Perdu avez vostre bon père.

REQUIESCAT IN PACE.

AMEN. AMEN.

Requiem aeternam dona eis Domine

Et lux perpetua luceat eis.

Nymphs of the woods, goddesses of the fountains

singers renowned across all nations,

turn your voices most clear and high

to piercing cries and laments.

Because Atropos, the terrible satrap,

Has caught your Ockeghem in her trap,

the true treasure and masterpiece of music,

(who from death no longer escapes,)

for whom great mourning covers the earth.

Put on your clothes of mourning,

Josquin, Perchon, Brumel, Compère,

and weep great tears from your eyes;

you have lost your good father.

MAY HE REST IN PEACE.

Give them eternal rest,

and let perpetual light shine on them.

Caroline Shaw

Cant voi l'aube (2016)

attr. Gace Brulé

When I see the dawn

Cant voi l'aube dou jor venir.

Nulle rien ne doi tant haïr, K'elle fait de moi departir

Mon amin, cui j'ain per amors.

Or ne hai riens tant com le jour,

When I see the coming of dawn. there's nothing I must

hate so much, for it makes me leave my friend, whom I truly love.

I hate nothing as much as day,

Amins, ke me depairt de vos.

Je ne vos puis de jor veoir, Car trop redout l'apercevoir,

K'en agait sont li enuious.

Et se vos di trestout por voir

my love, which parts me from you.

I can't see you in the daytime, for fear we'll be noticed,

and this I tell you truly: the envious are watching

Or ne hai riens tant com le

Amins, ke me depairt de vos.

I hate nothing as much as

my love, which parts me

from you.

Quant je me gix dedens mon

Et je resgairde encoste mi, Je n'i truis poent de mon

amin,

Se m' en plaing a fins

amerous.

When I lie in my hed

and look to my side, I find no trace of my belovèd,

and so I complain to true

lovers.

Biaus dous amis, vos en ireis,

A Deu soit vos cors comandeis.

Por Deu vos pri, ne m'oblieis!

Je n' ain nulle rien com vos.

jour,

Or ne hai riens tant com le

Amins, ke me depairt de vos.

Beautiful, sweet love, you will leave.

May God watch over your bodv.

By God I beg you, don't

forget me! I love nothing so much as

you.

I hate nothing as much as

my love, which parts me from you.

Stem from The Evergreen

Alessandro Scarlatti (1660-1725)

Sonata a quattro No. 1 in F minor (pub. c. 1740)

I. Grave

II. Allegro

III. Larghetto

IV. Allemanda

Please do not turn the page until the song and its accompaniment have ended.

Caroline Shaw

Entr'acte (2011)

Will there be any Stars in my Crown from By and By (2010)

Eliza Edmunds Hewitt

I am thinking today of that beautiful land I shall reach when the sun goeth down When through wonderful grace by my Savior I stand Will there be any stars in my crown

Will there be any stars, any stars in my crown When at evening the sun goeth down When I wake with the blest in those mansions of rest Will there be any stars in my crown

In the strength of the Lord let me labor and pray Let me watch as a winner of souls That bright stars may be mine in the glorious day Will there be any stars in my crown

O what joy it will be when His face I behold Living gems at His feet to lay down It would sweeten my bliss in the city of gold Should there be any stars in my crown

Interval

Ludwig van Beethoven (1770-1827)

La Malinconia. Adagio – Allegretto quasi Allegro from *String Quartet No. 6 in B flat* Op. 18 No. 6 (1798-1800)

Caroline Shaw

Blueprint (2016)

Water from The Evergreen

And So (2018)

Caroline Shaw, after Robert Burns, Gertrude Stein, Billy Joel and William Shakespeare would a song by another name sound as sweet and true would all the reds be just the same or violets as blue if you were gone would words still flow and would they rhyme with you if you were gone would i still know how to love and how to grow and how the vowel threads through.

and so they say the saying goes a rose is a tired rhyme but in the verse there's always time.

would scansion cease to mark the beats
if i went away
would a syllable interrupt the feet
of tetrametric iambs
when i am gone
listen
and i will sing a tune of love and life and of the
ocean's prose and the poetry of a
red,
red,
rose,
that's newly sprung in june.

and so you say the saying goes a rose is how I'm keeping track of time.

when a' the seas rise high, my dear and the rocks melt with the sun will the memory of us still rhyme with anyone will we still tune our violins will we still sing of roses will we exist at all, my love, or will we fade to stanzas of the dust that i suppose is all we were and all we'll be.

and so the saying 'so it goes'
depends a lot on if a rose is a thing sublime and so we stay, on borrowed time.

Root from The Evergreen

Other Song (2020)